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SUNDAY, 25th AUGUST, 1935.
S.S. "KINSHAN" will leave Hong Kong
at 9.30 A.M. and Macao at 4.30 P.M.

TRAFFIC IN ARMS

Lord Marley On
State Control

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

The Royal Commission on the Private Manufacture and Sale of Arms met again at the Middlesex Guildhall, Sir John Eldon Bankes presiding. Evidence in support of the representation of the Union of Democratic Control was given by Lord Marley.

They believed in national ownership of the production of armaments, said Lord Marley, because they thought that was one method to avoid the tendency to war-mongering and the encouragement of ill-feeling which must follow competition in the sale of arms.

They did not suggest that the chemical industries would in any way encourage war merely to make profits. But it was a fact that during the War chemical industries did make very large profits, and it would be in the national interest that the sums represented in those profits should be available for the nation and not for the shareholders in private concerns. It would result in more armaments at less cost. The production of armour plate should be completely nationalized.

Lord Marley agreed that there was a substantial amount of armament steel not used for purely armament purposes, and that if such product were nationalized it would, in a sense, involve the State becoming traders by the liberation of some amount of it for commercial purposes; but he did not think there would be any difficulty in the State assuming control of these products from the earliest stages of production. In regard to aircraft, Lord Marley said the flying industry in this country was hopelessly inefficient compared with that of the United States. It was not so much the fault of the industry, as because of the short flying distances here. In America their speeds on commercial flights were very much higher.

The Chairman asked if the witness considered it practicable in the aircraft industry to assume control at any point.

Lord Marley—My answer is that it is not practical or efficient to leave it to private enterprise.

Your view then is that there must be nationalization?—Yes, because 80 per cent. of the machines produced are for fighting purposes.

WORLD'S NICKEL

Replying to further questions, Lord Marley said 95 per cent. of the nickel in the world was produced in Canada and no other nation could produce armaments unless Canada provided them with the nickel. The examination of the nickel trade would lead to some very interesting conclusions, and the Union of Democratic Control hoped that the Commission would see its way to go into it. Regarding explosives and substances used or usable in their manufacture, Lord Marley said there was no desire to take over in peace-time control of all the constituents of explosives and munitions, such as the fats used in the manufacture of soap.

Mr. Harold Spender asked whether it was proposed under nationalization to confiscate or compensate the shareholders in the concerns taken over. Lord Marley said that would be a matter for the Government dealing with the problem. He could not say in advance what the policy of the Government would be.

It is rather important to know what you would propose?—We are not proposing to be the Government. We do not pretend to have a political solution.

But you put forward a very comprehensive scheme in which a matter of the first importance must be one of finance, and you do not put forward any views on that aspect to assist the Commis-

CHINESE ART

Paintings Presented
To Germany

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, Aug. 22.

Sixteen paintings exhibited by the Chinese Art Display in the spring of last year, and presented by the Chinese Republic to the State Museum of Berlin, will be formally handed over on Friday at midday, at the Asiatic Department of the "Voelkunde" Museum, by the Chinese Minister Liu Chung Chieh where the Minister for Culture, Rust, representing the Reich's Government will receive the gift and convey the thanks of the German Government.

Through the generosity of the Chinese Republic, the State Museum of Berlin has come into possession of the great works of modern Chinese paintings, which are exhibited for the first time in any museum where it is to be displayed permanently.

(Transocean Kuo Min)

DR. KURT SINGER

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, Aug. 22.

With the approval of the Secret State Police the Reich Ministry for Public Enlightenment and Propaganda has consented to the appointment of Dr. Kurt Singer as the responsible leader of the Reich's Federation of Jewish Culture associations and Dr. Werner Levin an ex-journalist in economic affairs to be general secretary to these Jewish organizations.

It will be remembered that by September 15 all Jewish associations engaged in any form of artistic or cultural activity must be registered members of the Reich's Federation the only exemptions being Jewish religious schools and cultural congregations.

(Transocean Kuo Min)

PAPERS SUSPENDED

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Essen, August 22.

Ten newspapers appearing in the industrial region of Germany, have been ordered to suspend publication for three days (August 23 to 25). This action has been taken by the Regional Governor at Dusseldorf who bases this correctional measure on the provision of the Presidential decree of February 28, 1933 for the protection of the people and state.

(Transocean Kuo Min)

It would be a matter for the Government at the time to devise a method of compensation, if any.

Sir Kenneth Lee asked to be supplied with the approximate number of the membership of the union. Sir William Jowitt said it was difficult to say. There were individual members and there were affiliated bodies. The Arsenal Co-operative Society, for instance, with a membership of over 300,000, was affiliated.

The Commission adjourned to a date yet to be fixed—probably early in October.

THE "RESOLUTE" SOLD

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Hamburg, Aug. 22.

The 20,000-ton liner "Resolute" belonging to the Hamburg-America Line, was sold to an Italian shipping company, this purchase, as stated by shipping circles in Hamburg, being one of the many made

DIARY OF LOCAL EVENTS

SATURDAY, AUGUST 24

Anniversaries and Holidays.—St. Bartholomew. Stopping of Heat (Ch'u-shu).

Bathing.—Y.M.C.A., Police Pier, 3 p.m.; Methodist Church, Police Pier, 2.30 p.m.; Gloucester Road Pier, 2.45 p.m.; Kowloon Tong Anglican Church, Police Pier, 3.15 p.m.; St. Andrew's Church, Police Pier, 3.30 p.m.

Cinemas

King's:—"Transient Lady." Queen's:—"One New York Night." Central:—"Gaiety Picture." Oriental:—"The Mayor Of Hell." Alhambra:—"The Black Sheep." Majestic:—"The Red Morning." Star:—"Venetian Nights."

Social.—Tombola on board H.M.S. Tamar, 7.15 p.m.; Craigengower Cricket Club Whist Drive, 9 p.m.

Sports

Baseball.—Canadians v. Chinese (La Salle College), 3.30 p.m.

Bowls.—First Division, Police R.C. v. Civil Service C.C.; Kowloon R.C.C. v. Craigengower C.C. "A"; Kowloon Dock v. Indian R.C.; Craigengower "B" v. Kowloon C.C. Second Division—Civil Service C.C. v. Police R.C.; Craigengower C.C. v. Kowloon B.C.C.; Hong Kong Electric v. Talkoo R.C.; Kowloon C.C. v. Yacht Club; Club de Recreio v. Hong Kong F.C.

Moat.—VII Moon, 28th Day.

Sunrise.—6.03 a.m. Sunset.—6.49 p.m.

Tides.—High at 5.10 and 21.25; Low at 13.20 and 22.45.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 25

Anniversaries and Holidays.—Tenth Sunday after Trinity. Feast of St. Louis, King of France.

Cinemas

King's:—"The Countess Of Monte Cristo."

Queen's:—"Paris In Spring." Central:—"Chinese Picture."

Oriental:—"Dames." Alhambra:—"Gentlemen Are Born."

Majestic:—"Naughty Marietta." Star:—"Kiss And Make-Up."

Sports

Baseball.—American v. Japanese (Caroline Hill), 9.30 a.m.

Bowls.—Open Rinks Final, J. E. Noronha, C. E. Marques, F. X. M. da Silva and C. G. Silva v. P. T. Farrell, R. Duncan, J. G. Brown and A. M. Holland (Kowloon C.C.), 3.30 p.m.

Moon.—VII Moon, 27th Day.

Sunrise.—6.03 a.m. Sunset.—6.48 p.m.

Tides.—High at 6.20 and 21.23; Low at 13.48.

MONDAY, AUGUST 26

Auctions.—Leasehold Properties, Lammert's Sales Room, 3 p.m.

Cinemas

King's:—"Countess Of Monte Cristo."

Queen's:—"Paris In Spring." Central:—"Chinese Picture."

Oriental:—"Flirtation Walk." Alhambra:—"Gentlemen Are Born."

Majestic:—"Naughty Marietta." Star:—"Kiss And Make-Up."

Dances.—Cheero Club, 8.30 p.m. Miscellaneous.—Mr. L. W. B. Teeling at the Women's International Club, 11 a.m.

Social.—R. E. Old Comrades Open Air Whist Drive and Tombola, Wellington Barracks, 8.30 p.m.; St. Andrew's Club Games Night, 9 p.m.; Services Whist Drive, Y.M.C.A., 9 p.m.; Tombola on board H.M.S. Tamar, 7.15 p.m. (See page 6.)

Moon.—VII Moon, 28th Day.

Sunrise.—6.03 a.m. Sunset.—6.47 p.m.

Tides.—High at 7.17 and 21.38; Low at 0.23 and 14.28.

recently in connection with the preparations for the East African campaign.

The "Resolute" was built in 1921 for a partnership business of the American Harbinger Company, but later it was bought back again by the Harbinger Company, which was then a subsidiary of the Harbinger Company, which was then a subsidiary of the Harbinger Company.

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THE STEEL
AGREEMENT

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

The announcement that the International Agreement between the Continental Steel Cartel and the British Iron and Steel Federation had been signed took many people by surprise. Extension of the temporary agreement beyond the date originally agreed—August 7—had been generally anticipated and, indeed, semi-officially announced. The extension for a further period of four months—to December 7—was recognised as necessary to allow time for completion of the complicated arrangements for equitable distribution of the reduced steel imports in Britain and for the co-ordination of interests in exports. That a full and binding agreement for five years would be agreed and signed before the expiry of the temporary agreement was not generally anticipated, and it must have been in the nature of a pleasant surprise, even to those sanguine of its ultimate consummation.

The importance of the agreement cannot be gainsaid. The great steel industries of Germany, France, Belgium, and Luxembourg are linked, by the strong ties of communal interest and complete understanding, with the steel industry of Great Britain in the vital matter of steel exports. For five years their joint interests in steelmaking and steel selling will be co-ordinated and controlled by a common policy. Ruminous price-cutting and destructive "dumping" are at an end so far as these European countries are concerned. Economic prices and rational control will bring to the steelmakers of Europe the chance of some measure of prosperity. It is notorious that the steel industries of the world have given the poorest kind of return to invested capital for many years. Not only in our own country, where since 1921 few steelworks have made anything like reasonable profits and many have made only losses, but on the Continent and in America the returns on capital have been meagre in the extreme. Such a state of affairs is neither good for the industry nor the country to which it belongs. It is impossible to attract fresh capital to an industry which is making losses. The lack of capital retards progress, prevents the improvement and modernisation of plant, and results in increasing inefficiency and heavier losses.

For these reasons alone, were there no other and more cogent ones, we would welcome the success which has attended the frequent conferences between the British and Continental steelmakers since the inaugurating meeting in December of last year. From a purely selfish point of view, the security and confidence which the agreement gives to the British steel industry will enable long-distance planning of schemes for improved and more economic production. Increased efficiency and lower costs will enable steelmakers to preserve the stability of prices, so necessary to the increasing number of steel consumers, while at the same time assuring them of a reasonable return on invested capital.

The prosperity and greater efficiency of the steel industry is bound to have wide and beneficial repercussions. Coal production will be stimulated, the engineering trades will benefit, and the Special Areas will find their distresses ameliorated. The achievement of the agreement, with all that it means in the way of added prosperity, could have been possible without the aid of the National Government. There is no doubt at all that the drastic increases in the iron and steel tariff in March the last brought the Continental makers face to face with realities. Before that there was a tendency to let matters drift, to await a possible change in the political weather, but the decisive action of the Government forced an early decision. It has been a triumph for the bargaining weapon. On higher grounds the agreement will be welcomed by lovers of peace. When the basic industries of five European Great Powers agree to a policy of international trade, it is an additional safeguard against that commercial jealousy which has so often been the cause of international strife. The signatories to this agreement are to be most cordially congratulated in the completion of a statesmanlike plan.

SCIENCE OF COAL
MININGProgress In Colliery
Engineering

Developments of importance to colliery engineering are comprehensively dealt with in "Haulage and Winding," by Professor Granville Poole (Ernest Benn, London: 23 3s net). This large volume, in which the author does not claim to have completed the subject, is certainly one of the most valuable works ever published on these aspects of modern engineering.

The volume is necessarily of large proportions, owing to the great improvements made in recent years in coal-getting operations, an example being the fact that the use of conveyors has been extended to transport coal some miles underground. The author deals in a systematic manner with the transport of coal from the time the coal is broken down at the face, conveying and hoisting mineral from the workings to the surface is extensively dealt with, and all types of conveyors are reviewed.

Reference is made to the advantages of conveying along long-wall faces, methods of moving the conveyor, the "drag-lined" loader, scoop loading, gate-end loaders, telescopic loaders, conveyor records, face operations, etc., while other chapters are devoted to pipeline transmission, the various types of tubs, tub control gear, track gear, haulage problems from horse haulage to endless-chain systems, electric and locomotive haulage, compressed-air locomotives, and haulage accidents.

WINDING APPARATUS

The total output of the mine and the safety of those who work underground depend largely on the reliability of the winding engine, and the chapters on this subject are among the most interesting in the book. Special reference is made to electric winding engines, moment diagrams, and skip winding. In mining, as in engineering generally, the increasing use of electric energy is among the leading developments, and many will agree with the author's conclusions that modern tendencies seem to favour the electrically driven winding engines. It is stated that one manufacturing company alone has erected no fewer than 500 large electric winders in various parts of the world.

Illustrating the progress made in this branch of mining engineering, it is stated that the first electrically driven winding engine was installed in 1900, while in 1933 the aggregate electric horse-power used for winding purposes in British mines was no less than 153,860.

Of particular interest to students are the many diagrams and tables given in his volume, including horse-power curves, winding formulae and problems, chapters on shaft equipment, decking operations, and ropes, to name a few.

The volume contains hundreds of illustrations and diagrams, and is a veritable combination of theory and practice. Colliery officials will all find something of interest in the volume, and for students of colliery engineering it may well be regarded as a standard work.

EXIT THE LEWIS GUN

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

It was announced in the House of Commons that the days of that ominous playing the Lewis gun are numbered so far as the British army is concerned; the War Office has decided to replace it by a Czechoslovakian weapon known as the Bren gun. The new gun will be made at Enfield from the Czechoslovakian patents, and a royalty will be paid for the use of them. Doubtless it will be some considerable time before the Lewis gun completely vanishes from the equipment of the British army, and its characteristic sharp, staccato "bursts of fire"—five cartridges a time for practice purposes—will continue to be heard from the rifle ranges of this country. Sunday afternoon is a good time for hearing them on Lancashire ranges, for then the country Territorials are at work.

The Lewis gun is one of those quick-firing light rifles which are worked by the action released from

ENGINEERING AND BUILDING

PROBLEM FOR AUTOMOBILE
ENGINEERSPrevention Of Cylinder
Wear

As mentioned here on previous occasions, one of them quite recently, the research department of the Institution of Automobile Engineers has definitely proved that the chief cause of excessive cylinder wear is corrosion, arising from the acids formed during the process of combustion in the starting and warming-up of a cold engine. But although this cause has been determined, the best preventive of cylinder wear has yet to be decided upon.

Of late there have been various methods and means of reducing cylinder wear put forward, but none of these goes as far in that direction as is desirable. Even the claims made on their behalf do not specify a reduction of more than 50 per cent. of the wear ordinary experienced.

Offhand it would seem that the ideal plan would be either to prevent the formation of the acids that are the prime cause of the trouble or to neutralise them, and in the second I.A.E. report on this subject in general suggestions to the latter end were made though they did not go so far as to imply that the matter had been settled thereby once and for all; the suggestion were somewhat tentative.

Next, and not far if at all behind in desirability, would be the use of material for cylinder bores that should be, as far as possible, resistant to corrosion, from the acids in question. This plan might, indeed, be the simplest of any, and it is one that is favoured in some quarters as a result of comparative tests that have been made with cylinder bores of various metals.

Figures issued recently concerning the rate of wear of a particular type of cylinder liner used in seven different kinds of engine show that, over periods of use representing from 17,000 miles at the lowest to 70,000 miles at the highest, the wear of the liner bores was from one-third to one-tenth that of the cylinder bores of the original cast-iron.

The greatest benefit was derived in cases where conditions of use encouraged the formation of the corrosive acids (i.e. short runs with the engine rarely warmed up); so it may be said that the greater the risk of the disease developing the more effective the preventive measure proved to be. There is still cause for hope, then, the cartridges as they are fired; that is why, if you leave a space after each five cartridges on the drum which contains them, the gun will fire those five and then pause. In actual warfare no gaps are left in the drum, and then the gun should fire continuously so long as its trigger is kept depressed. That was the theory, but the gas impetus did not always work so obligingly; in the Great War Lewis guns were known to cease fire and jam at some singularly awkward and consequently tragic moments.

THE GUN'S INVENTOR

If anyone thinks that British troops ought to be armed with British weapons he may be reminded that the Lewis gun itself was not of English origin. It was invented by a United States "soldier," Colonel Isaac Newton Lewis, and was rejected by the military authorities of his own country, though Colonel Lewis was an instructor and director of a United States artillery school at Fort Monroe. He retired in 1913 and in the same year his invention of a light quick-firing (fairly heavy it seemed at times to members of a "Lewis gun team") that could be carried by infantry was accepted by the British, French, and Belgian Governments. When the United States entered the world war his gun was approved by his own country and from then until the end of the war he waived all royalties on the Lewis gun made for the United States Government, thereby sacrificing a sum of \$1,216,000.

that eventually this now all-important problem will be solved by prevention rather than cure or palliative.

CAR SPEED AND GEAR RATIO

It is general practice among experienced motorists to form some mental picture of the capabilities of various cars by noting the gear ratios in each case.

The top-gear ratio is considered chiefly as a rule, for, other things being equal, it enables comparisons to be made, mentally, between the capabilities of the cars in mind in such matters as acceleration, maximum speed, top-gear hill-climbing, and to some extent petrol economy.

Such comparisons are, however, justified only when and where other things are equal, these "things," these factors, including tyre size, engine dimensions, engine efficiency, and car weight.

But of these factors only tyre size need be considered in conjunction with gear ratio when mental comparison is made between the general characteristics of two or more given cars of much the same size, weight, and engine power—and as a rule in these matters like is compared with like, approximately, when comparison is made.

If, however, tyre size (tyre diameter or circumference) is not taken into account any mental picture of the performance characteristics of the cars in question may be greatly at fault; a large size of tyre in one case and a relatively small tyre in another may cause the maximum speed of the car with the larger tyres to be several miles per hour faster than the other at a given engine speed, even though the top-gear ratios are precisely the same.

On the other hand, the car with the smaller tyres will have better acceleration and take steeper hills on top gear, though it will be less pleasant to drive under normal running conditions on level and merely undulating roads, and probably use more petrol under these conditions. It has been suggested that, to enable mental comparisons to be made with the factor of tyre size taken into account automatically, as it were, motor manufacturers should quote the effective rather than the actual gear ratios, using a formula that would give the only information of real use in this connection—viz, the number of revolutions of the engine required to drive the car a given distance, say 10 yards. Whether this will be done remains to be seen, but meanwhile motorists who have occasion and inclination to compare different cars according to their gear ratios should keep in mind the factor of tyre size and note whether there is similarity or diversity in this matter.

PETROL FOR EMERGENCY USE

When petrol was invariably sold from or in two-gallon tins it was almost universal practice for motorists to carry a spare tin on the car for emergency use. But with the coming of the filling-station pump and the provision by car manufacturers of a feed control that retained one or two gallons of petrol in the tank unless and until the control was moved to a position marked "Reserve," the spare petrol tin progressively ceased to form a part of the equipment of cars.

And now, with mechanical and electromagnet fuel pumps and a petrol gauge on the instrument board, even the "reserve tap" is disappearing. The motorist, it may be said, is now "carrying all his (fuel) eggs" in one basket. If he omits to note that his gauge tells him the tank is practically empty or if his fuel pump should fail (a possibility, despite the dependable nature of this kind of device), he may well find himself stranded by the roadside with a car in good order but lacking petrol where it is wanted—i.e. in the carburettor.

I have been reminded of this helplessness of the owner-driver on an up-to-date car without pet-

rol, or with a petrol pump deranged, by noting on a friend's car a new product of Solex Ltd., the carburettor manufacturers. It is a small tank holding a pint of petrol (there is also a quare, size, I learn), with a flexible pipe giving a gravity-feed through a special adapter on the carburettor; either this emergency supply or the usual pump feed can be put into effect without dismantling anything, but merely by moving a two-way tap.

The tank fits on the front of the dash-board and has a secondary purpose, in that, if it be filled and its contents made to serve until the car runs to a standstill, one has only to note the distance covered, as shown by the speedometer, to obtain—by simple mental arithmetic—an immediate indication of the rate of petrol consumption of the car.

HEADLIGHTS RULES

The Minister of Transport's proposed headlight rules have not aroused much adverse criticism, although they promise to add more complications in the use of motor vehicles. How is it proposed, one wonders, to ascertain if lights conform to anti-dazzle requirements?

A person must not be dazzled if standing on the same horizontal plane as the vehicle at a greater distance than 25ft, with their eye-level not less than 3ft. 6in. above that plane. There is no standard of dazzle—it varies with individuals—and it is doubtful if this definition can be enforced.

A well-known motorist has given his opinion that defect on or headlights to conform to this requirement is dangerous in the case of cyclists carrying reflectors only. His solution is the use of lamps constructed so as to be permanently non-dazzling to on-coming vehicles without control by the driver. That, most of us will agree, is the ideal—but, unfortunately, it has not yet proved attainable.

Colonel Jarrott claims that lamps complying with these conditions are in existence, but if they are it is strange they are not more widely known. For many years experiments have been made in this direction, and claims have been advanced for a number of lamps, but up to the present the loss of efficiency has always been too great.

To produce an anti-dazzle beam is a matter of no great difficulty, but to retain the full standard of illumination and penetration is an entirely different matter. If a non-dazzling lamp which involves no sacrifice of efficiency is known to Colonel Jarrott he might inform a widely interested public.

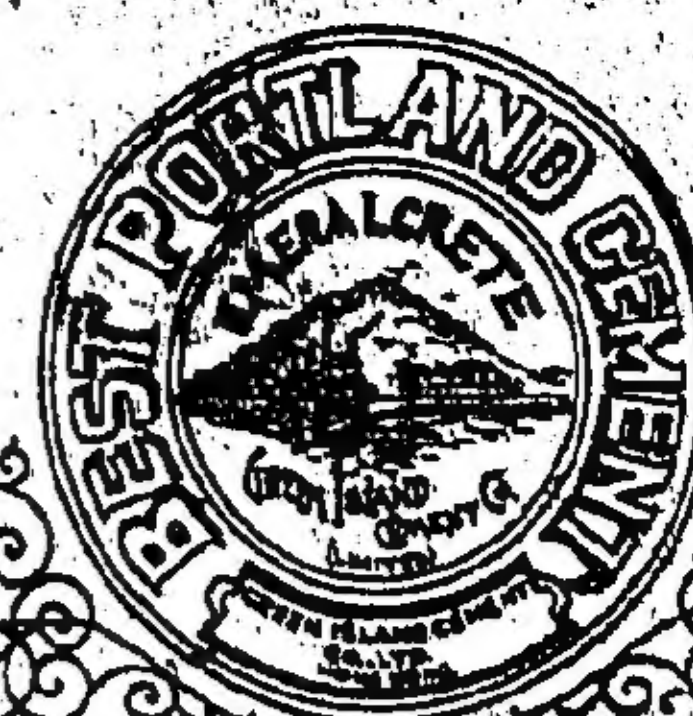
HEIGHT OF HEADLAMPS

It is laid down that headlamps must not be more than 5ft. above the ground. Measuring the height of my own—and they are not set low—I find they are 3ft. 2in. above the ground, and it would be interesting to know why such an abnormal figure as 5ft. has been chosen.

An ample height would be 3ft. or 3ft. 6in. Perhaps commercial vehicle headlights might have been in the mind of those who drafted the regulations, but even so there is no reason why a lesser height should not have been imposed. The height of the lamp should be fixed in the interests of those in front of it, and not behind it.

The most effective height should have been decided, and enforced for all types of vehicles whatever their frontal design or dimensions. To prohibit the use of headlights when a car is stationary is quite sound, and there is no objection to limiting sidelamp bulbs to 5 watts, but one wonders how, and by whom, can all these regulations be enforced.

Essentials are being lost sight of under a mass of well-meant and unenforceable rules and regulations. While the police are trapping drivers exceeding limits by a few miles an hour, charging unfortunates whose tail-light bulb has failed, discovering a criminal who has actually failed to get his driving licence, the reckless driver continues his career unchecked. True, there is generally trouble in the event of an accident, but as likely as not the offender is not a habitually careless or reckless individual.



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Eleventh Sunday After Pentecost.

CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL

The following are the forthcoming services at the Catholic Cathedral, Calne Road:—

August 25.—Eleventh Sunday After Pentecost:—

Feast of St. Louis King of France.

MORNING SERVICES

1st Mass at 8

2nd Mass at 8.15 with sermon in Chinese.

3rd Mass at 10.30 with sermon in English.

EVENING SERVICES

At 4 Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

August 28.—Feast of St. Augustine, Bishop and Doctor of the Church.

August 31.—Feast of St. Aidan, Bishop.

On week days Mass at 6 and 7.30.

ST. TERESA'S CHURCH

The following are the forthcoming services, etc. at St. Teresa's Church, Kowloon Tong:—

Saturday, August 24.—Feast of St. Bartholomew, Apostle.

3 p.m.—Meeting of St. Teresa's Chinese Young Men for visit to the sick.

Sunday, August 25.—Eleventh Sunday after Pentecost: Feast of St. Louis, King of France.

7.30 a.m.—1st Mass with Sermon in English.

9.30 a.m.—2nd Mass with Sermon in English, followed by Benediction of the Most Blessed Sacrament.

3 p.m.—Meeting of St. Teresa's C.Y.M.S. on the Society's Premises. Rev. Fr. P. Law will deliver on "The Necessity of Union Among Chinese Catholics." Light, Refreshment will be served. Members of Catholic Chinese Community of Kowloon are admitted on presentation, tickets obtainable at Church door.

4 p.m.—Meeting of St. Teresa's Chinese Young Men for proceeding to Tsung Wan for voluntary teaching. The English Sunday starts to-day.

Monday, August 26.

7.30 a.m.—Low Requiem Mass for the Souls in Purgatory.

Tuesday, August 27.—Feast of the Seven Joys of Our Lady.

5 p.m.—Little Flower Choir Practice.

7.30 p.m.—St. Teresa's C.Y.M.S. Choir Practice.

Wednesday, August 28.—Feast of St. Augustine—Bishop and Doctor.

Thursday, August 29.—The Beholding of St. John the Baptist.

Friday, August 30.—Feast of St. Rose of Lima, V.

8 p.m.—St. Teresa's C.Y.M.S. Committee Meeting.

Week-days: Mass at 6.30 a.m. and 7.30 a.m.

Confessions are heard daily before and after Masses in Chinese, English, Italian, French, Spanish and Portuguese.

UNION CHURCH

KENNEDY ROAD

Sunday, August 25, 1935

The following services will be held to-morrow:—

10.30.—Morning Service conducted by the Rev. John Foster.

The subject of the sermon will be "The Parable of the Man who Stayed at Home." The service will be broadcast.

6 o'clock.—Evening Service conducted by the Rev. John Foster.

7 o'clock.—Social Hour in the Church Hall.

Tuesday, 7.30 p.m.—Soldiers and Airmen's Christian Association in the Church Hall. This devotional meeting is open to all.

BROADCAST SERVICE

Voluntary.

Hymn 12.

Sentences (all standing).

Invocation.

First Lesson.

Hymn 747 (Psalm xlv).

Second Lesson.

Prayers.

Solo.

Offertory.

Hymn 423.

Sermon.

Hymn 488.

National Anthem.

Benediction.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

Macdonnell Road, below Bowen Road Tram Station.

Sunday, August 25, 1935

Sunday Services.—11.15 a.m.

Subject:—"MIND."

The Sunday School is held on Sunday Mornings.—10 o'clock.

Wednesday Evening Meeting.—8.00 p.m.

Reading Room at above address open: Tuesday and Friday—10 a.m. to Noon; Monday, Thursday.—5.30 to 7.00 p.m.

The Public is cordially invited to attend the services and visit the Reading Room.

MISS DOROTHY ROUND TAKES A JOB

London, August 5.

Miss Dorothy Round, former Wimbledon champion, is to enter business life in London, writes a correspondent.

She has abandoned a lawn tennis tour in South Africa to take up an appointment with a well-known fashion house in the West End.

The post will not prevent her from playing tennis again next summer.

To-day Miss Round left for America as a member of the Wightman Cup team.

The South African tour begins in December. Miss Round will begin her new work in October.

I was informed to-day by Miss Round's prospective employers, the Jaeger Co., that her work would be that of designing and advising on new sports fashions.

BRITAIN'S CLEAN SWEEP IN DAVIS CUP

Five matches to nil—a clean sweep. Such was the final verdict for Great Britain in the challenge round of the Davis Cup.

In the last phase yesterday at Wimbledon, with two singles remaining on the card, H. W. Austin defeated D. Budge 6-3, 6-4, 6-8, 7-5, thus reversing a result in the recent championships.

Then F. J. Perry followed with a victory over W. A. Allison in a very fine match. The champion's score was 4-6, 6-4, 7-5, 6-3.

It is not a novelty for this country to win the international championship with a clean slate, but the precedent dates back three decades—to the Doherty era.

Even American teams, with envoys stronger in skill than the present challengers, failed to capture a match in 1905 and 1906.

And the total number of straight-match victories since the Cup was founded in 1900 is as high as nine, although that registered yesterday was the first "five-plunder" since 1925.

WHAT VICTORY MEANS

The result reflects the great strength of the present British team in stamina as well as in skill, in esprit de corps as well as in sound training.

It does not, of course, mean that our overseas rivals are so inferior to the defenders here that our position at the top is safe for any given period of time without relays of new talent, but it does imply that Perry, Austin, Hughes, and Tuckey can look the world in the face with a confident air.

Another page has been added to the Cup's history: the name of Great Britain, the original challenger, will now be inscribed on Mr. Dwight Davis' famous bowl for the eighth time.

This is two more than the six wins of France and Australia, but is two fewer than the ten of America.

Long leaseholds of property do not necessarily bring prosperity to the outside world. The Davis Cup would not have attracted the competition of over 30 nations, nor helped to develop lawn tennis as a cosmopolitan game, if the title deeds had always been kept in the same hands.

The passage of the Cup from Continent to Continent, from nation to nation, as the outcome of friendly rivalry, is the best guarantee of its future popularity.

LARGEST CROWD ON RECORD

The crowd was large and articulate, yesterday, even if it were many hundreds below the record of the first day—the largest throng, by the way, that has ever watched a Davis Cup match in any country.

Two first-class matches were provided. There was not—there could not be—the tension either on court or surrounding it that a still open verdict would have generated.

But all four players were keen; their minds and muscles were on their tasks.

Only Budge, of the quartet, looked battle-worn, giving one the impression that he had to whip his will to keep up resistance.

Austin, playing beautifully and well within his powers, beat him fairly comfortably in four sets.

It is true the Californian took the third set and held a favourable lead in the fourth; true, too, that he sacrificed an easy chance when Austin was 40—love down, to take the ninth game and secure a lead of 5-4 with his service to follow.

FINE BALL CONTROL

But Austin's ball control was so consistently good, his capacity to hit through or round Budge so freely demonstrated, that I believe, since his physical reserves were still strong, that he could have safely survived the test of a fifth set had one been necessary.

The service had little influence on the match. Indeed, breaks were so frequent that no fewer than eight were recorded in the second set of 10 games.

This unusual attribute was, perhaps, fortunate for Austin, since

he was rarely threatened with a menacing delivery from his opponent, and could afford to concentrate on co-ordinated strokes that could command the rally by their perfection.

Having put the first two sets safely in the bank Austin could enjoy the luxury of a little holiday from sustained effort in the third.

He nearly won this, too, for he reduced Budge's lead of five—three to vanishing point, and then, after saving a set stroke in the tenth game, went on to lead six—five. Budge came a full "cropper" in this game, by the way, and for a moment one wondered whether he would rise with all his ligaments intact.

But he soon relieved any anxiety and proceeded to play more forceful tennis in the next three games, in which Austin's lobbing eye seemed to desert him.

AMERICAN TIRES

The fourth set was like the second, except that, after he had forged ahead, Budge seemed to have no energy left to bid for its possession.

He was, as I have said, four—two, and was 40 up on Austin's service in the ninth game. Here he played some very poor strokes, and though he rallied to hold his service from 15, he forfeited another 40 lead in the next game, and Austin was his complete master in the final game.

Had Allison offered only nominal resistance to the champion in the second match it would not have been altogether surprising.

ALLISON'S FIGHT

No man fighting lost causes on a tennis court had worked harder in the last few days. Instead, Allison played his last match at Wimbledon in a fine career with all the pluck and industry of a fresh competitor.

He found a rather perfunctory Perry in the opening set, needing the spur of intensive battle to

kindle his energies, but, when the American had captured it, the issue was joined in a match full of glorious strokes and counter-strokes.

Perry did not lose another set, but he was nearly caught in the second after leading five—three; was actually caught in the third with the same advantage; and even in the fourth set, when Perry, leading five—one, the coup de grace was signalled.

Splendidly as Allison fought, extracting dream-shots from the champion—and there was one forehand winner from Perry across the court that for spontaneous speed will live in memory—the American was dogged by his bad fairy of 1935—the double-fault.

He must have lost 20 points through service lapses, and when one looks at the figures of the match one can realise their bearing on the fate of the sets.

Yet even these timing mistakes could not tarnish a very brilliant display, featured by many galloping volleys, and ground strokes and lobs that always had shrewd purpose behind them.

As for Perry, he showed conclusively why the Davis Cup remains in England by the scintillating play in the break which carried him to 5-1 in the fourth set.

I have seen nothing quite so devastating as this phase after watching lawn tennis—and playing a little, too—for nearly 40 years.

It was a striking climax to Perry's unbeaten career at Wimbledon this year—something we can store in our memories when he goes off on another tour round the world next week.

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WEEK-END RADIO PROGRAMMES

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SATURDAY

12.30 to 2.15 p.m.—European recorded programme.
1 p.m.—Local time and weather report.
1.30 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins, Rugby Press news, etc.
2.15 p.m.—Close down.
4 to 7 p.m.—Chinese programme.
7 p.m. to 12 midnight—European programme.
7 to 7.13 p.m.—
Four Violin Solos by Albert
1. Grinzing—Benatzky.
2. Remembrance—Melf.
3. Song of Paradise—King.
4. Always—Smith.
7.13 to 7.30 p.m.—
Vocal Gems
The Cat and the Fiddle—Light
Opera Company.
Music in the Air—Light Opera
Company.
7.30 to 8 p.m.—
Light Orchestral Music
Dance of the Hours—"La Gio-
conda" (Fonchelli).
Romance (Tschalkovsky).
Glow Worm Idyll (Lincke).
Hearts and Flowers—Intermezzo
(Tobani).
Wedded Whimsies (arr. Alford).
8 p.m.—Local time and weather
report.
8.03 to 9 p.m.—
Variety Items
Piano Solos—You've got to ad-
mit.
Smoke gets in your eyes—
Carroll Gibbons.
Songs—One good tune deserves
another.
I think I can—Jack Buchanan.
Banjo Solo—Blaze Away—Eddie
Peabody.
Yodel—Yodel All Day—Harry
Torrani.
Vocal—Since we fell out of Love
—The Mills Brothers.
Fox-Trot—What's the Reason,
Song—The Show is over—Elsie
Carlisle.
Instrumental—On the Dreamy
Moana Shore—South Sea
Islanders.
Songs—Things are looking up.
Gentlemen! The King—Cicely
Courtneidge (Comedienne).
Xylophone Solo—The Squirrel
Dance—Rudy Starita.
Piano Duet—The Way to Love—
Selection—Carroll Gibbons and
John W. Green.
Song—You and the Night and
the Music—Gracie Fields.
Vocal—Why don't you practice
what you preach—The Bos-
well Sisters.
9 to 9.15 p.m.—A Relay of the
Daventry News Bulletin (Copy-
right by Reuter).
9.15 to 9.30 p.m.—
Band Music
Pomp and Circumstance March
No. 1 (Elgar).
Marche Lorraine (Ganne).
El Abanico—March (arr. Humel).
Under the Banner of Victory—
March (Von Elton).
9.30 to 9.50 p.m.—
From the Studio
"Is War a Result of Unemploy-
ment?" by Mr. William Teeling.
9.50 p.m. to 12 midnight—A Relay
of the Hong Kong Hotel Dance
Orchestra.
10 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins.
12 midnight—Close down.
NOTE—There will be a relay from
the Lee Theatre (Chinese) on
Z.E.K. on a frequency of 840
kilocycles from 8 to 11 p.m.

SUNDAY

10.30 to 11.30 a.m.—A relay of the
Service from the Union Church
11.30 a.m. to 12.15 p.m.—A relay of
the Service from the Hop Yat
Church (Chinese).
12.15 to 2.30 p.m.—European pro-
gramme of recorded music.
1 p.m.—Local time and weather re-
port.
1.30 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins,
etc.
Light Opera and Musical Comedy
Vocal Gems—Chu Chin Chow
(Norton).
Selection—The Beggar's Opera
(Gay—Austin).
Vocal Gems—H.M.S. Pinafore
(Gilbert and Sullivan).
Selection—Ball at the Savoy
(Abraham).
Vocal Gems—Musical Comedy.
Marches.
Selection—C. B. Cochran Pre-
sents.
A Pianoforte Recital by Wilhelm
Backhaus
(a) Moment Musical in F Minor
(Schubert).
(b) Improvisation in B Flat, Op.
142, No. 3 (Schubert).
(c) Revolutionary Study, Op. 10,
No. 12 (Chopin).
(d) Study in F Major (Chopin).
(e) Prelude and Study in G
Major (Chopin).

(4) Chromatic Study in A Minor

(Chopin).
Woodland Pictures—Rural Suite
(Fletcher).

A Concert

Songs—Standchen, Op. 17, No. 2
(Strauss).
Morgen, Op. 27, No. 4 (Strauss).
—Elizabeth Schumann (So-
prano).
Violin Solo—Concerto in G Minor
—Adagio (Max Bruch)—Louis
Zimmermann.
Songs—The Two Grenadiers
(Schumann).
Midnight Review (Glinka).
Theodore Challepin (Bass).
Light Orchestral Music
From Mozart's Treasure Store
(Urbaach).
Serenade (Metra).
De Picus au Palais D'Angkor
(Marceau).
Ronde a la Turka (Mozart).
Polka "Ojra" (Russian Air).
Over the Waves—Waltz (Rossi).
Danube Waves (Ivanovitch).
2.30 p.m.—Close down.
4 to 7 p.m.—Chinese recorded
music.
7 to 10.30 p.m.—European pro-
gramme.
7 to 7.13 p.m.—Leonore Overture
No. 3 (Beethoven).
7.13 to 7.30 p.m.—
Orchestra Napolitain
Notte Sul Mare. Barcarolle
(Valente).
Vesuviana. Tarantella (Mar-
chetti).
Napolit—Tarantelle (Mezzacapo).
Chant de Sirene (Volpatti).
A Frangese! (Mario Costa).
7.30 to 8 p.m.—A relay of the Organ
Recital by Mr. G. E. Longyear
from the Union Church.

Programme

1. Minuet (Handel).
2. Overture (Faulkes).
3. Die Fraze (Wolstenholme).
4. Grand Choeur (Reed).
5. Cantilene Nuptiale (Dubois).
6. Largo (Kerxes) (Handel).
8 p.m.—Local time and weather re-
port.
8.03 to 8.13 p.m.—
The J. H. Squire Celeste Octet
Spring Song—Mendelssohn, arr.
W. Loughby.
La Paloma—Spanish Serenade—
Yradier.
Mignon—Gavotte (Thomas).
8.13 to 8.45 p.m.—"Hilawatha's Wed-
ding Feast" (Coloridge-Taylor).
—The Royal Choral Society
conducted by Dr. Malcolm Sar-
gent.
8.45 to 9 p.m.—
A Violin Recital by Fritz Kreisler
Serenade (Lehar).
Marquette (Rachmaninoff, arr.
Kreisler).
Gypsy Caprice (Kreisler).
Shepherd's Madrigal (Kreisler).
10 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins.
9 to 10.30 p.m.—A relay from St.
Andrew's Church Grounds, of
the Concert by The Band of
the 1st Bn. 8th Punjab Regi-
ment, by kind permission of
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cers.

Programme

March—Adelaide—Fenningstein.
Selection—The Arcadians—
Monckton and Talbot.
Waltz—Songe d'Automne—Joyce.
Dances—Neil Gwyn—German.
Serenade—Standchen—Heykins.

INTERVAL

Selection—
Lilac Time—Schubert.
Melody in F—Rubinstein.
Selection—Patience—Sullivan.
Idyll—Softly Unawares—Lincke.
Patrol—Patrol Pett—Moret.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

10.30 p.m. (approx.)—Close down.

BERLIN PROGRAMME

Saturday
9 p.m.—DJQ, DJB Announcement
(Germ. Eng.).
German Folk Song.
Programme Forecast (Germ.,
Eng.).
9.15 p.m.—John Brahms: Clarinet
Quintet
The Strass Quartet and Gustav
Steinkamp, Clarinet.
14.45 p.m.—News in English on DJQ
and in Dutch on DJB.
10 p.m.—Relayed from Hamburg:
"Homeland Evening."
10.45 p.m.—Bruno Hentze and his
Mandoline Orchestra.
11.15 p.m.—News in German on
DJQ and DJB.
11.30 p.m.—Current Events.
11.45 p.m.—"High the Sun in
Heaven stands"
Choral Items and Songs by the
Heinrich Schütz Choir, Berlin.
12.15 a.m.—News in English on DJQ
and in Dutch on DJB.
12.30 a.m.—Close down DJQ, DJB
(Germ. Eng.).

Sunday

9 p.m.—DJQ, DJB Announcement
(Germ. Eng.).
When the opera was performed

LAMMERTS AUCTIONS

BY ORDER OF THE
OWNERS

THE Underigned, LAMMERT
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ON
WEDNESDAY, THE 28TH
DAY OF AUGUST, 1935

At 3 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON

At No. 10, NORTH STREET

The 7 Chinese Houses on Inland
Lots No. 3486 to 3442 known
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14, North Street.

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Instructions

To Sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

SATURDAY,
AUGUST 24, 1935

Commencing at 10.30 A.M.

At "THE NEST" No. 25,
NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON.

SHOP FITTINGS AND A
SMALL QUANTITY OF
PROVISIONS

ON VIEW FROM FRIDAY,
THE 23RD AUGUST, 1935.

TERMS—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMMERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

CHINA REDS' ARMY
OF 1,500,000

(Special Air Mail Service)

Moscow, Aug. 5.
Chow Ho Sing, representing the
Chinese Communist Party which
rules over 50,000,000 inhabitants of
Central China, was wildly cheered
during a speech to the Comintern
Congress last night.

His "Soviet Government of
China," he said, was now ready
to lead the fight against Japan-
ese imperialism and other for-
eign raiders, to ally itself with
any group or army having the
same aim, and to enter into
friendly relations with any coun-
try supporting China's indepen-
dence.

Chinese Soviets, he said, now had
a regular army of 50,000 with
modern equipment, and a further
1,000,000 irregular partisan troops.
The territory in central China
ruled by Communists has doubled
in the seven years since the last
Comintern Congress.

In addition to the 58,000,000 per-
sons actually under the Com-
munist, another 50,000,000 in
neighbouring provinces were more
or less directly dominated by them.

the critics warmly praised the
music but "slated" the book.

Dr. Goebbels would probably
have been content merely to warn
Strauss against this "infringement
of the Aryan Creed," but Rosen-
berg, the Director of Culture,
pushed the matter farther.

Dr. Peter Raabe, of Aix-le-Cha-
pelle, who has conducted the Ber-
lin Philharmonic Orchestra in the
absence of Dr. Furtwangler, will
succeed Strauss as president of
the Reichs Chamber of Culture,
and Dr. Paul Graener becomes
chairman of the Corporation of
German Composers.

Richard Strauss
Resigns

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

Another musical dispute has
arisen in Germany as a result of
which Richard Strauss, the fa-
mous composer of "Der Rosenkaval-
ler," who has been president of
the Reich Chamber of Music and
chairman of the Corporation of
German Composers, has resigned.
Officially the Nazis' reason for
the resignation is that Strauss
feels that he has been overworked
and is too old for the post. (He
is 71.)

It is, however, an open secret
that there have been differences
between Dr. Goebbels, the Minister
of Propaganda; Dr. Strauss, and
Dr. Alfred Rosenberg, the Director
of Culture, following the world
premiere in Dresden, on June 24
of Strauss's new opera "Die
Schweigsame Frau" ("The Silent
Woman") based on Ben Jonson's
"Silent Woman."

The libretto of the opera came
from the pen of the Jewish author
Stefan Zweig, whom the Nazis
had been attacking in virulent
fashion.
Hitler, who, like Dr. Goebbels, is
a music lover, had been expected
at the premiere. Dr. Goebbels tele-
phoned at the last minute to say
that they would not appear.
Stefan Zweig's name was print-
ed prominently on the program-
mes at the first performance,
which was attended by prominent
Nazis, including General von
Blomberg, Minister of Defence.
Previously Dr. Strauss in an in-
terview had expressed his admira-
tion of Zweig's libretto.

CINEMA TRADE NOTICES

PARIS IN SPRING

Gilded Girls Grace Chorus of Mary Ellis Film.

The gold diggers of Hollywood no longer have to dig for the precious yellow metal. Twenty of them, in fact, could have scraped it right off their skin recently when they were gold plated for scenes in Paramount's "Paris in Spring" scheduled to open at the Queen's Theatre to-morrow.

In order to give the twenty dancers the appearance of golden statues in a tableau, they were covered with a spray of the metal from head to foot. They appear in the sequence with the singing star Mary Ellis. Gold was selected over the usual application of bronze because of its higher sheen and photographic qualities. Each dancer was estimated to be worth \$17 in actual gold. This unusual makeup demanded special attention for the girls. Unable to sit down because of the nature of the makeup, special supports were constructed to permit them to rest between the scenes. A covered studio truck transported the girls to and from the makeup department and, at noon, lunches were brought.

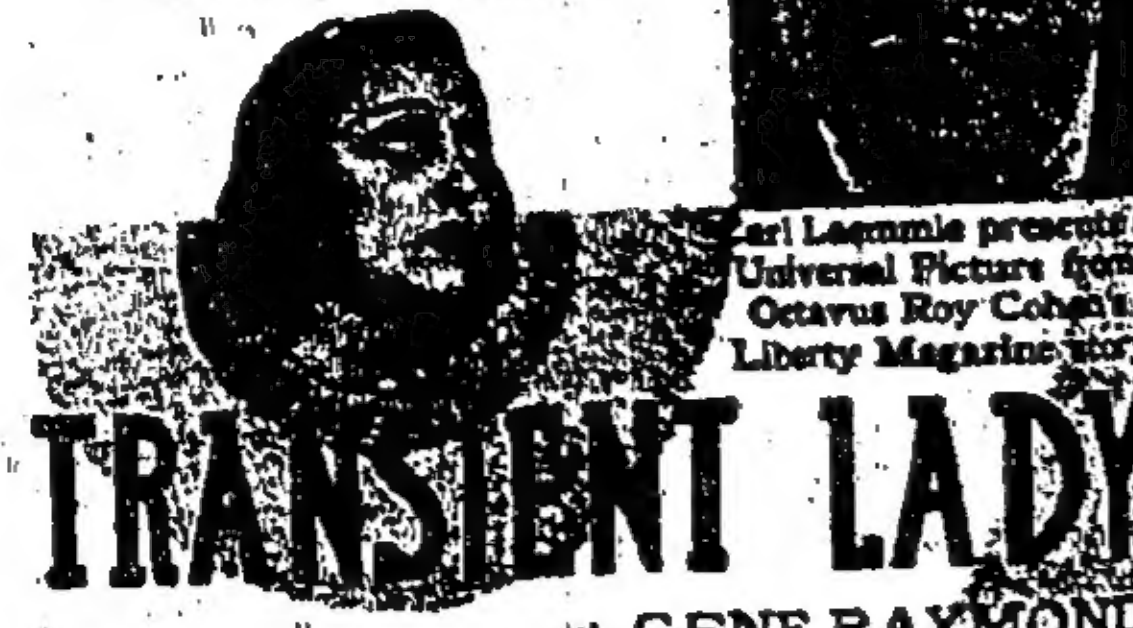
"Paris in Spring" is a gay story set in the gayest of world capitals and revolving about a novel quadrangle of romance. Lewis Milestone directed the picture which featured a score by Mack Gordon and Harry Revel. Tullio Carminati, Ida Lupino and Lynne Overman are prominent in the supporting cast.

VIENNESE NIGHTS

"Viennese Nights" coming to the Star Theatre, is the creation of Sigmund Romberg and Oscar Hammerstein, II, the two who have created more glamorous and melodious entertainment than any living collaborators. The story is one of exquisite tenderness, the theme being the deableness of beauty. The settings are gorgeous being all in natural colours. The glamour of old Vienna, told so often in story and song is caught with stirring vitality. Marching troops, gay ladies, street gamins, stout burghers, ample fraus, all seen in the flickering golden light of leaves blowing, horses bearing ancient vehicles, crowded with gay roysters, all are there. But this is but the beginning of the haunting story of love and renunciation. The action covers a period of fifty years and some of the scenes are in New York, shifting back to Vienna for the thrilling and unexpected climax. The story is built about the fate of a girl who falls in love with a poor musician but is forced to marry a rich officer by her ambitious father. Through poverty and exile the poor man works desperately trying to finish the symphony which is to be dedicated to her and it is the grandchildren of the two who find the realization of the lost dream. Those who know Romberg, and Hammerstein, and who does not, will be able to faintly visualize this last and greatest work of their united genius.

GRIPPING...
as a Liberty Magazine
serial by Octavus Roy
Cohen!

MORE GRIPPING
now as a Universal
screen production!



with GENE RAYMOND
HENRY HULL
FRANCES DEAKES
"COUNTESS OF MONTE CRISTO"
-FA FAY WRAY-PAUL LUKAS-A Universal Picture

QUEEN'S
THEATRE

TO-DAY ONLY at 2.30, 5.10, 7.30 & 9.30

MURDER...merrily solved!



with GENE RAYMOND
HENRY HULL
FRANCES DEAKES
"COUNTESS OF MONTE CRISTO"
-FA FAY WRAY-PAUL LUKAS-A Universal Picture

BLACK SHEEP

At The Alhambra

"Black Sheep" found a most receptive audience at the Alhambra Theatre last night as the story zipped merrily along in a fast comedy fashion, with the underlying drama, coming frequently to the surface, the romance between Edmund Lowe and Claire Trevor one of the most refreshing this reviewer has ever seen.

Edmund Lowe, a professional gambler, teams up with Claire Trevor, an actress who is walking home from her first trip abroad.

Adrienne Ames, a wealthy kleptomaniac, is blackmailing Tom Brown, a wealthy Boston youth, to smuggle in some stolen pearls.

Eugene Bellette and Jed Prouty, rich play boys, plays cards with Lowe and Miss Trevor, the latter always winning. Lowe then learns that Tom Brown is being used by Adrienne Ames. He also learns that he is the father of young Tom. In spite of the fact that the ship's detective, a very comic individual, keeps a close watch on Lowe, he succeeds in getting Tom out of a jam, placing the stolen pearls so that Adrienne Ames is caught and then he falls in love with Claire Trevor.

Edmund Lowe is off to a new peak of popularity as the result of the depth he gives to the characterization in "Black Sheep" and the beautiful Claire Trevor will undoubtedly reach the front rank of favourites this year. Tom Brown and Adrienne Ames play their roles with great sincerity while Herbert Mundin, Eugene Bellette and Jed Prouty go far to really make the comedy hilarious.

INCREASED SALARIES FOR GEOLOGISTS

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, August 5.

After the claim by the Geological Survey and Museum Scientific Staff Association for improved scales of pay for geologists employed in the Geological Survey and Museum, the Industrial Court has decided that as from January 1 the scales of pay for district geologists, senior geologists, and geologists shall be £850-£930-£1,010, £880-£960-£1,040, and £910-£990-£1,070 respectively.

The minimum of £850 is to apply to officers recruited at the age of 25 or over, this salary to be reduced by one increment in respect of each year or part of a year by which the age of the entrants is below 25 years. The numbers involved in the award are 50. The present salary scales of these three grades are £797-£895, £875-£973, and £953-£1,051 respectively. Geologists upon appointment are required to possess a good honours degree in geology, knowledge of French and German, and if possible to have done research work for a year or more.

The scales awarded to district geologists and senior geologists are identical with those for senior and principal officers (scientific, technical, and chemical) in the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, the Government Chemist's Department, and the scientific departments in the Admiralty and Air Ministry. The scale of the recruiting grade (geologist) is considerably higher than that for the recruiting grades of chemists and technical officers in these departments, which is £775-£818-£855 (efficiency bar)-£825-£860. In the latter case, however, a few selected officers are allowed an extended maximum of £880.

MILLPOOL'S

LOSS

No Default On Part Of Owners

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

The loss of the ship was due "to the perils of the sea, and in particular the weather in which she sank."

The owners had fulfilled all obligations, and the crew seemed to have been efficient.

Adverse statements regarding the condition of the ship had been largely discredited.

These findings were given in the judgment of Lord Merrivale, sitting as Wreck Commissioner in the Millpool foundering inquiry.

The Millpool (4218 tons) was lost in an Atlantic gale with her crew of 28 on the night of October 2-3 last while on a voyage from Danzig to Montreal with a cargo of rye.

The Millpool, which was built in 1906, was managed in Hartlepool.

Lord Merrivale, who issued his findings in London yesterday, first read replies to questions put forward by the Board of Trade.

IN SEAWORTHY CONDITION. A reply stated that the Millpool was in good and seaworthy condition as regards hull and equipment, and was properly supplied with boats, life-saving appliances, and distress signals. Steering gear was in good and proper condition.

The Millpool was manned in accordance with the existing instructions of the Board of Trade. The deck-hands appeared to have been efficient for their duties.

Hurricane conditions prevailed on the night of October 2-3 when she sank. Her topmast carried away, the after-hatch stove in, and there was evidence of access of water to No. 1 hold.

The answer "No" was given to the question—"Was the loss of the Millpool caused or contributed to by the wrongful act or default of her owners or her manager?"

The Millpool was struck by a terrific sea, more of a nature of a tidal wave than a sea, caused by an ordinary Atlantic gale.

Although the Millpool was an old ship she had been well kept up, and, according to the judgment of competent officers, she left Danzig in a fit condition for the voyage.

Matter for serious consideration was found in statements by several seamen who alleged general fragility of structure and corrosion and rust, so that she became unsafe.

As to the condition of the Millpool when she left Danzig, said Lord Merrivale, "evidence in favour of the owners is exceptionally cogent. Regular surveys by Lloyd's were backed up by production of a remarkable series of repair accounts."

"The statements of the attacking witnesses must be considered in the light of this evidence."

OF THE detailed adverse statements, those dealing with the general condition of the ship were specifically contradicted and the major part of them discredited. The statements of Bernard Marlow, donkeyman on a previous voyage, proved to be extremely unreliable.

In an annex to the report Lord Merrivale notes that the Millpool was an old ship well repaired from time to time, but her last complete overhaul was in 1931.

"Such facts and the condition

AIR RAIDS AND

POISON GAS

The Expert's View

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, July 30.

One of our chief poison-gas experts in the Great War, who has been much concerned in the subject since, said some interesting things to me on the air-raid shelters question, writes a correspondent. In his view, if it came to a war the poison-gas danger would be of explosive and incendiary bombs from the air. The increase in effectiveness in these weapons since the war was much greater than the increase in poison-gas weapons. The object of an air attack would be to do damage and to create panic, and the incendiary bombs, with their increased power, would probably have the most immediate effect on cities.

Could bomb-proof shelters be created in cities that would safeguard the population, and could the population go through gas-mask drill, and could they get sufficient gas masks to make them secure? My informant could not conceive how air shelters could be constructed all over a great city where inhabitants could take refuge. If they were only in certain parts and people had to go there it would create the conditions for panic.

He thought that the task of training English people to use gas masks properly would be impossible. He remembered how much had to be done at the bases and at the front to train soldiers to become proficient in gas-mask work. He doubted if ordinary people in peace could ever be properly trained for their use. Certainly they were being trained on the Continent, but they are more used to discipline on the Continent, and he thought that it was really a training to prepare their minds rather than their bodies. Could sufficient gas masks be produced? If the business was organised as in the war, where three million soldiers went through gas-mask training, they could doubtless be produced.

of the seamen's and the firemen's quarters, provoke inquiry as to whether rules and procedure now in force provide for sufficient standard surveys, and whether the age of ships should be taken particularly into account, so that risks of loss by perils of the sea may be very fully guarded against."

QUESTION OF INSURANCE. Discussing the question of insurance, Lord Merrivale said that under the insurance on the Millpool, which became effective when she sank, her owners were entitled to receive about twice her actual value as estimated by their valuers, and four times the value at which she stood in their books as an asset.

In a case like the present these facts could not fail to attract attention, he said. They led to much embittered comment on what the law should be with regard to the insurance of merchant ships.

It may be that attention should be given not only to the permissible standards of insurance but also to the question whether under modern conditions not only ships and cargoes but the lives of seamen should be taken into account in deciding what are the risks to be provided against by those who are responsible for the use and condition of sea-going vessels.

TO-DAY AT THE
CINEMA

Hong Kong

KING'S:—
"Tropical Express Non-Stop Revue"
"Transient Lady"
QUEEN'S:—
"One New York Night"
ORIENTAL:—
"The Mayor of Hell"

Kowloon

ALHAMBRA:—
"Black Sheep"
MAJESTIC:—
"Red Mornins"

Sunday

KING'S:—
"Tropical Express Non-Stop Revue"
"Count of Monte Cristo"
QUEEN'S:—
"Paris in Spring"
ORIENTAL:—
"Flirtation Walk"
ALHAMBRA:—
"Gentlemen are Born"
MAJESTIC:—
"Naughty Marietta"

NEXT STAGE IN
INDIACongressmen And
Office

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

The giving of the Royal Assent to the Government of India Act has resulted in much space being devoted in the Indian Press to the implications of the new Constitution, and the Indian correspondents at Simla have analysed the scope and purpose of the pending changes in their respective newspapers with an objectivity rare in current journalism in this country. Their interpretations of the Act are imbued with a realism which takes cognizance of what the Constitution means to India, and are wholly devoid of that partisan attitude which has hitherto maintained that the measure was drafted solely in the interest of Great Britain.

The introduction of this note of realism is one of the marked features of Indian politics to-day. It finds its chief manifestation in the controversy which is now raging as to whether Congressmen should accept office. As was expected, the Working Committee of Congress at their meeting at Wardha were non-committal on this subject; nor is the matter likely to be settled by anything other than an open vote of the delegates at the next annual conference of the party. The party is sharply divided on the issue, although their entry into the Legislature appears to be assured, and there are certainly many Congressmen hitherto considered to be among the important leaders who are willing to become Ministers. The Working Committee itself has shown appreciation of the political facts by indicating that there are limits within which the party has to work. This is made clear in the manifesto about the Indian States in which the committee declared that the responsibility for political emancipation to the States must be carried out by the States' subjects themselves. The committee contended that the States' peoples have an inherent right to "Swaraj" and appealed to the Princes to establish representative institutions in their domains; but the committee also made it clear that the party has no power other than that of exercising moral, friendly influences upon the States.

FEDERATION

Indian political unrest is now definitely focused on the new Provincial Legislatures, and opinion is quite strong that Federation itself is no longer a far-distant goal. The Indian Press suggests that the All-India aspects of the new scheme may be in operation within a year or so after the introduction of Provincial Autonomy. It is generally thought that if the conditions which are the requisite to setting up a new Province are duly met, then Federation cannot be unduly

MAJESTIC
THEATRE

at Road Kowloon Tel. 572222
FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



What a price to pay for the savings secrets of this forbidden land!

delayed, as the considerations which affect the establishment of Provincial Autonomy are in the main the same as those which govern the creation of Federation, except for the question of the Princes' accession. There is every reason to believe that many Princes are already considering the question of negotiating their treaties of accession. It is true that some important Princes are anxious to see how British India will respond to the new position under autonomous Provinces; but the opinion is widely held that when the more important States take the lead the majority of the others will quickly follow suit. The delay that may intervene before Federation becomes a fact will be due chiefly to difficulties inherent in dealing with treaties which have no common denominator, as every State is at present linked with the Crown on conditions peculiar to itself, and will be linked with the Federation on terms which cannot ignore these peculiar conditions.

MR. GANDHI'S ACTIVITIES. Meanwhile Mr. Gandhi remains aloof from public politics as are the villages in which he is interesting himself. Although the Congress leaders are reported to have consulted him at Wardha, his chief concern continues to be his village Industries Association.

That Dumb Cop

The Balle looked sternly at the prisoner who had been keeping up "Ner Day and said:

"Didna I tell ye the last time ye were here that I never wanted ye tae come before me again?"
"Aye, yer worship," replied the drunk. "I tell the policeman that, but he wudna believe me."

"They're Leakin', Minister"
Station Master rings up manse in Dumbarstonshire, the Minister answers the phone.

Station Master: "There's a parcel for you here, Minister."
Minister: "Yes, John, that's all right. It's a few books from Princes Street, Edinburgh."

Station Master: "Aye, weel, ye'd better hurry up, they're leakin'."

ALHAMBRA
THEATRE

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

ADVENTURE - MYSTERY



Thrill-packed
Fun-capped!
EDMUND LOWE
CLAIRE TREVOR

4 SHOWS
DAILY
2.30-5.10
7.15-9.30

TAKE MY TRAIN OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS

ORIENTAL

LAST
4 TIMES TO-DAY
A STORY THAT MATCHES
THE POWER OF HIS
THUNDER BOLT
OF HIS
PERSONALITY!

Rips the lid off
from the essence
of Human Passion!

CAGNEY
THE MAYOR
OF HELL

A MOST POWERFUL
PICTURE
OF LAUGHS AND THRILLS!

Summer Prices Matinees 20 cts-30 cts. — Evenings 20 cts-35 cts-55 cts.

TO-MORROW
MONDAY-TUESDAY
ANOTHER OF
WARNER BROS.
GIGANTIC
MUSICAL SHOW!

DICK POWELL
RUBY KEELER
PAT O'BRIEN
Warner Bros. Military Musical

flirtation
Walk

GENTLEMEN ARE BORN

Rousing college songs will be heard in the First National picture, "Gentlemen Are Born" which is showing at the Alhambra Sunday to Tuesday.

KING'S
TO-DAY AT 6 & 8.30 P.M.
PROF. WILLIAM
DOORLAY'S
TROPICAL
EXPRESS
NON-STOP
REVUE

NEW ACTS! NEW SONGS!
NEW DANCES!

ADMISSION PRICES:—
MATINEE—25, 50, 75 & 90 cts. PLUS
EVENING—50, 75 & 90 cts. PLUS
Service men in Uniform M. S. 50 cts.
Children Half Prices Matinee only

THE COUNTESS OF
MONTE CRISTO

The amazing adventures of a little motion picture extra girl, who carried on her make-believe in real life, is delightfully told in "The Countess of Monte Cristo" coming to the King's Theatre on Sunday.

Making a dramatic exit from her studio and riding out of the picture in which she was playing a countess, this girl dared to carry her role with her and tried to get away with it.

How she becomes involved in all sorts of embarrassing situations and finally is implicated in the arrest of an infamous criminal, is all delightfully and intriguingly disclosed in this Universal comedy drama.

Fay Wray and Paul Lukas are happily teamed in the romantic sequences, while a splendid supporting cast includes Patsy Kelly, Reginald Owen, Carmel Myers, Paul Page, John Sheehan, Robert McWade and many others of importance.

Put this one down on your "MUST SEE" list. It will keep you fascinated from first reel to last.

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AN
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FLAMING ROMANCE!
HAUNTING MELODIES!
PULSE-STIRRING TANGOS!

**WARNER
BAXTER**
and **Ketti
GALLIAN**
in
**UNDER the
PAMPAS
MOON**

I. G. DeSire production

Dine

at

8 p.m.

Flicks

at

9.30 p.m.

Dance

at

11 p.m.

to

2 a.m.

Admission: \$4.00 including Dinner

\$1.50 excluding Dinner

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The Talk of the Town

Maizee's Sale

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Commencing Monday, Aug. 26

Maizee is reducing all
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MUI-TSAI CAUSE

Authorities' Good Work

The Secretary for Chinese Affairs, in his annual report, just issued states:

Inspector Fraser and his two Assistant Chinese Lady Inspectors continued throughout the year 1934 their excellent work in connection with the mul-tsal. At the beginning of the year the number of mul-tsal on the register was 2,728, and at the end of the year this had been reduced by 463 to 2,265. This reduction is mainly accounted for by permanent departures from the Colony, restoration to parents or other relatives, and marriage.

A total of 3,076 visits were made by the Lady Inspectors to the homes of registered mul-tsal in addition to their work with the male Inspector investigating numerous cases concerning Registered and unregistered mul-tsal.

Numerous visits were also paid to ex-mul-tsal who have obtained employment as domestic servants. It is noteworthy that at the end of the year 115 registered mul-tsal were attending school, the fees paid by the employers for the girls' education ranging from \$3 to \$40 per annum. Eight girls were sent to the Salvation Army Home and four girls to the Victoria Home; both these institutions are to be thanked for their co-operation which is always willingly given.

PROSECUTIONS

Fifty-seven prosecutions were brought under the Female Domestic Service Ordinance with sixty-three convictions. The charges on which convictions were obtained included thirty-three charges of keeping unregistered mul-tsal, three charges of bringing unregistered mul-tsal into the Colony, twenty-two charges of failing to report change of address, four charges of failing to pay wages to registered mul-tsal and one charge of assaulting a mul-tsal.

There were also five prosecutions with ten convictions on charges connected with trafficking in minors (Ordinance 2 of 1965, Offences against the Person).

Under the Women and Girls Protection Ordinance, No. 4 of 1897, seven cases were brought and eight persons were convicted and two discharged. These were mostly cases of harbouring or procuring.

PRINCE FOUND SHOT DEAD

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug 5

A Turkish Prince shot himself dead in a New York hotel. He had exactly 3s left in his possession.

He was Prince Abdul Kerim, 29, son of the former Crown Prince Selim of Turkey, and grandson of the late Sultan Abdul Hamid II. ("Abdul The Damned"), who was deposed in 1909.

Prince Abdul Kerim was disappointed by the failure of his efforts to marry an American heiress who would have been willing to finance an attempt to restore the Sultanate. This was the reason for his suicide, according to a letter he left for the police.

The young man's childhood had been passed in surroundings of extravagant splendour but his entire property with he died consisted of the clothes he was wearing: a cheap suitcase, a few shirts and ties, three pairs of glasses and a small screwdriver.

Almost his only friend in New York was Shah Mir Effendi, who was Turkish Consul General in the city for many years.

DISAPPOINTMENT IN LOVE

According to the letter left for the police the Prince came to the United States last September from China, where, he stated, he had sought support for a possible restoration of his family's fortunes on behalf of his father. He said he had hoped to marry an American woman with sufficient wealth to enable him to return to China and raise an army of mercenaries and river bandits and march on Istanbul in an attempt to overthrow the Turkish Republic.

He failed in this quest and fell in love with a married woman in the New York suburb where he took lodgings. He asked her, he stated, to obtain a divorce and marry him, but she refused and thus reduced him completely to despair.

Around the Courts

TRAFFIC CASES

Several cases for breaches of the traffic regulations were before Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones yesterday at the Kowloon Magistracy and resulted in fines in every instance.

L. W. Tiddle, driver of private car No. 121, and A. W. Wagstaff, of the Y.M.C.A. driver of motor cycle No. 148, were each fined \$3 when they admitted their failure to carry red tail lights. P. B. Corniac, of No. 305 Prince Edward Road, was also fined \$3 for failing to carry two front lights on private car No. 3883 at 9.25 p.m. in Nathan Road on August 3.

C. Amulph, of No. 300 Prince Edward Road, pleaded guilty to a summons for causing an obstruction by leaving private car No. 4221 in Saigon Street near the Majestic Theatre at 9.05 p.m. and was fined \$3.

INDECENT ASSAULT

The hearing of the case against Ng Shek, a 21-year old shop fook charged with indecent assault on a little girl Leung Nui (7), at No. 312, Lockhart Road, ground floor on August 11 and Yip Mui aged 61, a shop fook was heard before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Detective-Sergeant D. Fitches told his Worship that the Police was not proceeding against the second defendant and he was discharged.

Mr. F. H. Loseby appeared for the defendants.

Detective-Sergeant D. Fitches in outlining the case stated that the little girl went to the defendant's shop. She was known to the defendant. He was in the habit of playing with her and other little girls in the neighbourhood. On this occasion, the first defendant enticed her into the cockpit, and there assaulted her. She told her mother of the incident, and a report was made to the police.

DANCING GIRL IN TROUBLE

Charged before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday with disorderly conduct in the early hours of yesterday morning, in Morrison Hill Road, Wong Shan Sham a Chinese dancing girl residing at No. 9 Gap Road, first floor was bound over in a personal bond of \$20 for a period of one year to be of good behavior.

Prosecuting, Inspector Logan said that the defendant was behaving in a disorderly manner near the Monument. She appeared to have had some drinks and was shouting and screaming in the road. She was arrested and detained at the Police Station. A complaint had been previously received from a European living near the locality.

The defendant, in reply to Mr. Schofield, admitted, with a shake of her head and a smile, that she was drunk and disorderly.

Roosevelt Backs The League

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

Taking the very unusual course of issuing a personal statement on a matter which normally is within the province of the State Department, President Roosevelt reiterated that the moral support of the United States is being given to the League of Nations efforts to prevent war in Abyssinia. He declared:

"At this moment when the League Council is assembled to consider ways for composing by pacific means the differences that have arisen between Italy and Abyssinia I wish to voice the hope of the people and Government of the United States that an amicable solution will be found and that peace will be maintained."

At the White House it was indicated that the President was anxious to second the efforts of the League and particularly of Great Britain which, though not mentioned by name, is recognised in Washington to be playing a leading part at Geneva.

The President's declaration follows earlier and similar ones by the Secretary of State, Mr. Hull, and the acting secretary, Mr. Phillips.

Mr. Roosevelt's declaration was the first since his inauguration.

STOLE FROM FRIEND

Charged with stealing a gold neck chain, a jade ring, a gold bangle and a finger ring valued in all at \$55, a 24-year old concubine, Mak Sau Chan was remanded for 24 hours in Police custody by Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday for further enquiries to be made.

Inspector Chester-Woods prosecuted stated that the complainant and defendant used to live on the same floor.

One day complainant went out and when he returned he found that a rattan basket, which contained the jewellery, had been opened and the articles had disappeared. While enquiries were being made, defendant went to Canton and was later found living at Shamshulpo.

Defendant stated that she had given away to a moment of temptation.

FREE MEALS

Five unemployed Chinese Lam Kwok Chuen, 19, Yu Pui Ling, 22, Han Fung Yee, 21, Li Ping Chuen, 21, and Yu Piu Ngan, 23, were each sentenced to six weeks hard labour by Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones yesterday on each charge of obtaining two meals from Hing Tai Restaurant, No. 51 Sai Kung Road and the Chung Hing Restaurant, No. 450 Prince Edward Road on credit by fraud to the extent of \$7.11.

KIDNAPPING CHARGE

Two Chinese, Leung Yee alias Leung Kwan and Lau Sang alias Ah Sun were charged before Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday with (a) kidnapping, (b) harbouring a 7-year-old male child named Tsang Muk Cheung of No. 9 Nam Kok Road, first floor.

Inspector Chester-Woods who prosecuted stated that the two defendants got in touch with a Chinese woman named Chow Yung of Reclamation Street and after various interviews the woman agreed to buy a child. After the woman had thought the matter over she reported the matter to the police and through her carrying out the instructions of the police the two defendants were arrested with the child in their custody.

After evidence had been given by several witnesses the case was adjourned.

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H.K. VOLUNTEER
DEFENCE CORPS.

Order: By Lt.-Col. H. B. L. Dowling, O.B.E. Commandant, Hong Kong V.D.C.

PARADE

Corps Engineers
Monday, August 26.—A.A. Train-
ing at Whitfield Barracks at 5.45
p.m.

Corps Signals

Parade at Corps H.Q. at 5.30 p.m.
on Tuesday, August 27 for Signal
Instruction.

Parade at Corps H.Q. at 5.30 p.m.
on Thursday, August 29 for Drill.
Corps Machine Gun Battalion
TROOP

Parade on Tuesday 27th at 5.30
p.m. at Causeway Bay Stable for
Gymkhanic event. All ranks must
make a point of attending regularly
in order to ensure team regularity
being a success.

ARMOURER CAR SECTION
Parade on Monday, August 26 at
H.Q. for Vickers Gun Instruction.

MOTOR MACHINE GUN SECTION
Section will parade on Wednes-
day, August 28, 1935 at Volunteer
H.Q. at 5.30 p.m. for driving prac-
tice.

Monday parades for machine
gun and revolver training will be
resumed on Monday, September 9,
when a full parade will be expected.

NO 3 (M.G.) COMPANY

Parade at H.Q. on Monday,
August 26 Fall in at 5.30 p.m.
Sharp Dress: Muli, Belt and
Frog, Bayonet, Rifle and Sing.
The attendance so far has been
very encouraging but one or two
have yet to put in an appearance.
Will they do so at the next Parade
as a progressive programme of
training is being adhered to and
subjects will not be repeated.

Will those who have not yet done
so please fill in the Form sent to
them last week and forward it to
CSM A. Urquhart forthwith.

PROMOTION

No 1865, L/Sgt. K. C. Hamilton,
M.M.G. Section, is promoted to
Sergeant with effect from 9.11.34.

TRANSFER

No 2294, Pte. T. Swan is trans-
ferred from M.M.G. Section to No.
2 (Scottish) Company with effect
from 23.8.35.

LEAVE

No 2060, Tpr. W. E. Hunt's leave
is extended from 11.6.35 to 11.10.35.
No 2349, Cnr. D. G. Kozlakis, 1st
Buttery, is granted one month's
leave from 16.8.35 to 15.9.35.

STRENGTH

No 2373, Pte. W. T. Knox, Short-
land & Commercial Bureau, M.G.B.
No 3 Co., 10.8.35.

No 2374, Pte. W. L. Rapley, Royal
H.K. Golf Club, M.G.B. (No. 3 Co.),
10.8.35.

No 2375, Pte. C. W. Liu, Water
Works, P.W.D. M.G.B. (No. 3 Co.),
10.8.35.

No 2376, Pte. D. W. Luke, Water
Works, P.W.D. M.G.B. (No. 3 Co.),
10.8.35.

(Sgd.) P. S. M. WILKINSON,
Adjutant, H.K.V.D. Corps.

AFFILIATED UNIT
Nursing Detachment, H.K.V.D.C.
Mrs. S. D. Begg and Miss J. M. L.
Dowling are attached to the
Military Hospital for duty from
21.8.35.

(Sgd.) M. M. MELLOR,
Acting Commandant,
Nursing Detachment,
H.K.V.D.C.

NOTICE
Sergeant Mess Committee
Representative—Armoured Car
Section, C/Sgt. H. F. Westlake.

Representative—Medical Section,
5 Sgt. H. E. Strange.
Soldiers' Club Billiards Tourna-
ment—1st Round
H.K.V.D.C. (Corps Infantry) beat
R.A.M.C. by 233 points.

NEW SOLICITOR
ADMITTED

Mr. Justice R. E. Lindsell yester-
day admitted Mr. Sydney Ng
Quinn of Messrs. Hall Brutton &
Co., to practise as a solicitor in
the Courts of Hong Kong.

The Attorney General, Hon. Mr.
C. G. Alabaster, K.C., moved the
application and in so doing said
Mr. Quinn had complied with all
the necessary requirements and
passed his examination in London.

In admitting Mr. Quinn, His
Lordship wished him every suc-
cess in the career he had embark-
ed upon and congratulated him
and his family.

Mr. Quinn was born in Sydney,
New South Wales, and was
educated at St. Stephen's College,
Hong Kong. He was a graduate
of the Columbia University, New
York, and in 1924 was articled to
Mr. Hall Brutton. Six months
ago he went to London to join the
legal firm of Messrs. Gibson and
Weldon, for the purpose of taking
his examination, which he passed.

POLICE OFFICER
FETED

On Retirement

A pleasing function took place
at the Police Recreation Club on
Thursday evening when members
of the Force bade farewell to a
colleague in the person of Crown
Sergeant Arthur Charman who is
being invalided home on pension.
The function was presided over
by Mr. C. G. Perdue, the Acting
Inspector General of Police and
amongst those present were
Chief Inspector J. Murphy, In-
spector J. C. S. Fender, In-
spector W. Russell, Inspector E. G.
Post, Sergeant D. Fitzhugh (Hon.
Secretary) and many others.

Sergeant Charman was the re-
cipient of a cheque and in mak-
ing the presentation, the Actg. I.
G.P. referred to his splendid ser-
vices.

Inspector Stewart Logan, Chair-
man of the Club, also spoke in
eulogistic vein, thanking the
departing officer for his valuable
services on the Club Committee
at different times.

Sergeant Charman joined the
Police on March 23, 1924, arriving
in Hongkong on May 3 of that
year. He was in the Police
Armourer's shop for some time.

In 1928, he was commended by
the Inspector General of Police
for good work as acting Drill and
Musketry Instructor of the Indian
Guards' Sub-Department during
the three preceding years.

Sergeant Charman was formerly
a member of the Royal Irish
Constabulary. He is leaving to-
day by the s.s. Ranchi.

CHINA NEWS
AT HOME

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.
China's art treasures brought
over in H.M.S. Suffolk are still
lying in their cases in the vaults of
Burlington House writes a corre-
spondent. They await the coming
of four museum assistants from
China who will open the cases and
arrange the contents for the ex-
hibition in November.

It has been said that they are
guarded by Chinese detectives.
These supposed sleuths are really
the two secretaries of Dr. F. T.
Cheng, the special commissioner of
the Republic, and they are Govern-
ment officials but not policemen.

The only "arm of the law" con-
cerned with the treasures is Dr.
Cheng himself, who happens to
have been a Justice of the Supreme
Court of China and is, among
other things, Adviser to the Minis-
try of Justice in Nanking.

HIS SECOND HOME

Dr. Cheng is an old friend, a
barrister of the Middle Temple and
the first Chinese to take the high-
est degree in law in the University
of London, that of Doctor.

He said to me yesterday that
coming to London again is like re-
turning to his second home, for
he spent ten of the most impres-
sionable years of his life here.

Part of his purpose is to attend
as China's representative coming
in international congresses on crim-
inal law in Berlin and Copenhagen
respectively.

SO VERY PRECIOUS

It is difficult for English people in
general to realise what the con-
tents of those crates in Burlington
House mean to the Chinese. They
are to them, for instance, a very
precious essence of the civilisation
and culture of the Chinese race
during 3,500 years. They are not
simply works of art.

Never before have these treas-
ures left the shores of China.
That is why the collection was
publicly exhibited in Shanghai be-
fore it was put on board H.M.S.
Suffolk, and why it will be exhib-
ited again when it returns to China
to show that everything is safely
home again.

MOVING WITH THE TIMES

As modern as the new buildings,
and the road of Nanking is the
codified system of laws in China.
The civil and criminal procedure
have undergone revision. This
last revision of an already modern
code only came into effect about
a month ago.

"Our legal system," Dr. Cheng
said, "is taken from the Con-
tinental rather than from the
Anglo-American pattern, although
many Anglo-American principles
have been embodied."

WE CHINESE are great students
of the law. We have been teachers in the East
for centuries, but never in pursuit
to learn is one of our principles.

CORRESPONDENCE

All letters intended for publica-
tion must be accompanied by the
name and address of the writer, not
for publication, unless so desired.

(To The Editor The
H.K. Daily Press.)

Sir,—With reference to the let-
ters addressed by the Chinese
General Chamber of Commerce
to our two Electric Companies, I
would be much obliged if you will
allow me a little of your valuable
space to comment on the issues
raised therein.

In the first place, I should like
to know whether the recommen-
ded rate of 12 cents per unit for
lighting current is based on senti-
mental reasons alone or whether
it is the outcome of careful cal-
culations computed with due re-
ference to the present cost of pro-
duction to the Companies. If it is
a fact that the latter is the case,
then it is time enough that a pub-
lic petition should be addressed
to the Government for the ap-
pointment of a Committee to in-
vestigate the true position of the
matter. On the other hand, if the
recommendation was influenced
only by sentimental considerations,
my opinion is that such a respon-
sible body as the Chinese Cham-
ber of Commerce should have
known better than to suggest sug-
gestions which are quite imprac-
ticable from a business standpoint,
and which would only serve to
create in the minds of the public
unjustified prejudices.

On the question of deposits, I am
in agreement with the criticism
that the amount now required by
the Companies may justly be re-
garded as excessive, and in this
connection I would suggest as an
alternative solution to the proposal
made by the Chinese General
Chamber of Commerce that
peppery-in-the-slot meters should
be installed in the premises of all
those consumers who either ob-
ject to the payment of the heavy
deposits now required or who are
not in a financial position to meet
the payment. The cost of this
service would not be unduly large,
and in any event the Companies
could recover their expenditure by
the charge of a fair rental for the
use of the equipment.

There is another matter connect-
ed with the supply of electricity in
this Colony which seems to sug-
gest that the public have not had
fair consideration from the Com-
panies. I refer to the monthly
charge of 50 cents for rent of sup-
ply-meter. I have information
which points to the cost of a 2 1/2
amps meter being in the neigh-
bourhood of \$10.00 each and that
the life of such a meter would be
considerably more than 10 years.
If this be true, it would be difficult
to understand why the meter ren-
tal should not be based on the for-
mula: Cost Life, yielding the result
of \$1.00 per annum—Yours etc.

A. RESIDENT

Hong Kong, 23rd Aug. 1935.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE

Donations Acknowledged

The Hon. Treasurer begs to
acknowledge with sincere and
grateful thanks the gift of
Bandages and Children's Clothing
for the New Territories, from
Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co., Ltd.,
Repulse Bay, also the following
donations:—

Silver Jubilee Charities Fund \$1,000
Chinese Processions Sub-
Committee (Gratuity) 500
Mr. M. J. B. Montargis (Head-
quarters Furniture Fund) 500
Hong Kong Football Asso-
ciation 300
Hong Kong Jockey Club 250
Messrs. Lee Lu Cheung (Sanitary
Fittings for Cheung
Chau) 200
Sir William and Lady Shen-
ton 100
Mr. Ng Wah (Headquarters
Furniture Fund) 100
Anonymous 85
Asiatic Petroleum Co. 40
Mr. A. C. Arcull 25
Mrs. R. Savage 10
Anonymous 10
Sister Hui Shau (Kam Tin) 10

The Hon. Sec. will be very grate-
ful for clothing for the children of
the New Territories. It is urgently
needed, especially for the newly
born babies.

And we regard it as a virtue.
"Confucius said that knowledge
was no virtue in him. If I am
walking with two other men, each
of them will serve as my teacher,
he said. I will pick out the good
points of the one and imitate
them, and the bad points of the
other and correct them in myself."

WORLD THEATRE

To Open Soon

After protracted negotiations the
World Theatre has now been put
in the hands of a new concern,
whose chief aim is to cater for the
public, by presenting both Chinese
and English pictures of a super
standard.

The management of this theatre
has now been invested in the South
China Cinema Co., which is very
closely connected with the Kau
Yue Fong Theatre, although being
run as separate units altogether.

In an interview obtained from
one of the chief executives we were
informed that the theatre is leased
for a term of 3 years with an option
for a further period at the expira-
tion of the present contract.

The charges, will be 0.20, 0.30,
0.55, and 0.80 cents and the sched-
ule of screenings will be the same
as other theatres.

To cater to the public's demand
for better sound fidelity the man-
agement has spared no money in
this direction and a new sound
equipment called the "High Fide-
lity" has been installed at a price
of over £4,000, the Peacock
Motion Picture Company being the local
agents.

The whole theatre is being re-
novated and re-decorated and is
expected that the opening will
take place in the early part of
September. Pictures from the var-
ious well known distributors have
now been booked. All super pic-
tures which are to be shown at
this theatre will be first run in-
stead of second and third as heret-
ofore, while second run pictures
will also be screened from time to
time.

2 YEARS' CHASE
IS ENDEDEmbezzlement Charge
In Manila

Shanghai, Aug. 17.
Ending a two years' chase, the
Shanghai Municipal Police, acting
in close conjunction with the U.S.
authorities, yesterday arrested
Teodoro Santo Domingo 38-year-
old Filipino, who is wanted in the
Philippine Islands on a charge of
embezzlement.

About a week ago, the U.S. Con-
sulate here received a wire from
Mr. Frank Murphy, Governor-
General of the Philippine Islands,
asking them to arrest and hold
Domingo if he should be found in
this territory, and giving a detailed
description of the wanted man.

Nothing definite was done until
the photographs arrived, but in the
meantime the police were informed
and investigations proceeded quiet-
ly.

With the arrival of the photo-
graphs a day or two ago, however,
the search became more open, and
at 10 o'clock yesterday morning
Sub-Inspector V. S. Bebenin and
Sergeant H. Muir, of the S.M.P.,
arrested the accused at 288 Range
Road, where he was staying under
the name of Arturo de Leon.

In the wire from Manila, the
American authorities were warned
that he might be wearing a beard,
but when arrested, Domingo was
clean-shaven, apparently relying
upon his alias to put his trackers
off the scent.

Taken to the office of Mr. Ed-
ward L. Faupel, the U.S. Marshal
for China, he admitted to being
the man they wanted. The official
warrant was given him to read,
and after he was given a copy, he
was taken to the Amoy Road Gaol.

LAW-MAKERS

Mr. Neville Chamberlain heads
the list as a law-maker in the
present session.

Or the Public Bills passed he in-
troduced seven. Sir Godfrey Col-
lins is second with six. Both Mr.
Runciman and Sir John Simon
have brought in four Bills.

It is a remarkable achievement
that although the Government
have taken the whole of private
members' time throughout the ses-
sion three Bills brought in by
back-benchers have become law.

The first to receive the Royal as-
sent this session was brought in by
a Socialist, Mr. McEntee. His In-
crease of Rent and Mortgage In-
terest (Restrictions) Bill received
the Royal assent on March 23.

The other two successful back-
benchers are Conservatives—
Lyons (Sediment and Freshwater
Fisheries) and Eric Gill (Spears
(Vagrancy)).

FRENCH CONVENT

Shorthand Successes

The following candidates were
successful in the recent Pitman's
Shorthand Examinations held at
the French Convent on May 30,
1935:—

Elementary Certificates (Stage 1)
Margaret Kong, Suzanne Marty,
Rosal O'Sullivan, Edward Remedios,
John O'Sullivan, Stanley Leonard
and Cyril Neves.

Special Examination—Theory
Certificates (Stage 2)

Annie Nissen, Angeles Lezama,
Edward Remedios, Stanley Leonard
and Cyril Neves.

The above candidates were
taught by Mrs. M. F. O'Sullivan.

The new term will commence on
September 6, 1935.

POLICE RESCUE
KIDNAPPED

18 Arrests Made

Shanghai, Aug. 19.
Police of the Bureau of Public
Safety, after arresting eighteen
persons in six different localities
between last Friday and yesterday
morning, have found and released
Mr. Hong Yi-shing, who was kid-
napped on July 20. A ransom of
\$500,000 had been demanded by
the bandits from Mr. Hong's
family.

Mr. Hong, who is the owner of
the China Brass Works, a concern
operating in Chapel, was kidnaped
on July 20 when he was on
his way by car to his private
chapel in Kung Ho Shing Road.
He was held up by several men
the car was later found abandon-
ed in the French Concession.

Last Friday the police of the
Bureau of Public Safety learned
that the bandits, who were in-
volved in the hold-up, were meet-
ing in a Chinese Restaurant at
the corner of Avenue Dubail and Route
Dollfus. A raid was made on the
premises and four persons were
arrested.

Later in the same evening the
police raided a private house in
Route Pere Robert where five more
persons were arrested. The next
place to which the police turned
their attention was a house in
Avenue Edward VII. There they
remained until 4 a.m. On Friday
night waiting for the return of
Mr. Hong's former chauffeur. He
was also taken into custody.

RENDEZ-VOUS AT THEATRE

The chauffeur informed the po-
lice that the bandits had planned
to begin negotiation with a repre-
sentative of Mr. Hong's family at
a theatre in Yunan Road. Thither
the police went on Saturday after-
noon where they arrested two more
persons. These said that the ac-
tual rendez-vous was at the Crystal
Palace Theatre in Rue Kraetzer.

At the Crystal Palace Theatre
the police arrested three more men
and finally, acting on further in-
formation, early yesterday morn-
ing the police crossed over to Pootung
to a place called Sanlingting.
A lightning raid was made on
several Chinese boats in the vicini-
ty and, during the fray, several
shots were fired by one of the
boats. The police, however, over-
came all resistance and after a
search they found Mr. Hong Yi-
shing, the kidnapped man.

Shortly after Mr. Hong was kid-
napped his family offered the
bandits \$10,000 for his release but
they refused to accept this sum.

ROLEX
OYSTER

WRIST-WATCHES

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Post Office Building.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE STANLEY.

THE New School Year begins Sept. 9th Examination for new Students Saturday, September 7th at 9 a.m.

For Prospectus, for Boarders and Day Boys, apply Li Hoi Tung, Esq., Messrs. Banker & Co. Bank of China Building, or The Warden, ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE, STANLEY.

[3745]

DEATH

VERTOPRAHOFF—On August 15, 1935, at the Russian Orthodox Hospital, Route Maresca, Ramon Andreievich Vertoprahoff, aged 64 years.

Editorial and Business Office: 11, Ice House Street, Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, AUGUST 24, 1935.

PREVENTION AND CURE

By a brilliant piece of research work about forty years ago, Sir Ronald Ross traced malaria to the mosquito and even now the controversy which began with that epoch-making discovery is not quite dead. There is still a diminishing school of thought which despairs of the war against the insect and would fall back upon the curative or preventive drug. The votaries of quinine, find support in such new and more powerful products of the German Laboratory as plasmoquin and atabrin. Is it possible by such means alone to stamp out malaria and are the sanitary measures used against the mosquito misdirected? This question, among others, was debated by Sir Malcolm Watson in his Finlayson Memorial Lecture which has now been published. A pioneer in the great war against malaria, he is willing to use every weapon. As a doctor and as an engineer, he has fought the scourge both in the Malay Peninsula and Africa and his conclusion is, that while anti-malarial drugs have their use, victory will not be won by drugs alone, except possibly in certain areas where malaria has only a small hold. In India, Africa and Malaya, the real battlefields, the decisive result must be obtained by war against the mosquito itself.

This war between man and insect for the mastery of the vast regions of the world makes a fascinating study. How sanitary measures gave man the victory in the great swamps of Malaya and in Singapore are shown by Sir Malcolm but the subject had unforeseen complications. For example, there were two types of the fields in Malaya, one

MYSTERY OF SOVIET FLIGHT

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

Considerable mystery surrounds the attempt to be made by a Soviet aeroplane to fly the 5,000 miles from Moscow to San Francisco by way of the North Pole.

The flight has been planned in secret. It is even possible that the day and hour of taking off will be concealed until the plane is actually in flight.

Moreover, it has not been revealed whether the start will be made from the Moscow aerodrome or from a specially prepared "run" somewhere in the city's neighbourhood.

The machine is the one which broke the world distance record for a non-stop flight in a closed circle between Moscow and Khar'kov. It is a single-engine monoplane with low wings, designed by M. Tupolev who built the ill-fated "Maxim Gorki."

With its extremely shallow wings it looks more like a giant glider than a powerful aeroplane. No foreigner has yet been allowed to inspect it. It is named "R.D." These initials stand for "Record of Distance."

SOVIET-BUILT ENGINE

Its single engine is Soviet-built. Designed by President Kalinin's nephew, M. Mikulin, it was exhibited at the International Aeronautical Show in Paris.

The famous Arctic airman, Levapelski, who took the leading part in saving the crew of the ill-fated Arctic steamer Cheliuskin last year, will be in command of the flight. He will be accompanied by Baldukov as pilot and Levchenko as navigator.

He told me to-night that the flight will take three days. He made his final test over Moscow to-day and is ready to start at any time.

The route chosen is Banks Land, Fort Simpson, Vancouver and San Francisco. The Polar star will have to be made non-stop.

Permission to fly over American territory has already been given, and I understand that permission is about to be granted by Great Britain. The expedition is organised and equipped by the Soviet Department of Arctic Routes.

free from malaria and the other intensely malarial, the difference being due to the variety in the species of mosquito, due again to the different quality of the water in the two fields. It was again found that in the uplands beyond the swamps, the enemy breed in the clear waters of the running streams and thus defied drainage. A new weapon had to be found to combat this and through a fortunate experiment it was revealed that the crude oil of a certain type, produced changes in the water fatal to the species. There is no reason to despair because the war is difficult and continuous; victory already having been won over some of the most important regions of the East.

INDIA BILL

A Task Completed

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

The India Bill, back from the House of Lords, passed the Commons to-night, and now only awaits the royal assent to become law.

This is the biggest thing the present-dying Parliament has done on the Imperial plane, just as the Protectionist revolution is its big achievement at home, and the Government and the House of Commons were entitled to-night to feel great pride at the completion of the task. This can still be said even though some would have preferred that the new Federal Constitution should not have been quite so cramped by safeguards to please the Tories, for, whatever its shortcomings in this respect has been quite so cramped by the new Constitution does mark the biggest advance yet towards Indian autonomy. In the political circumstances of the hour at home the advance might even be regarded as surprisingly liberal.

Whatever the safeguards, it is surely remarkable that a Parliament containing 460 Tories should give India even a rudimentary Federal Constitution, especially when it could show, in answer to any of the arguments from pledges that so recent and so formidable a document as the Simon Report had laid down provincial autonomy as the limit of possible present advance. True, the announcement of the Princes that they were willing to enter a Federation changed the situation for everyone prepared for the utmost practicable advance, but a top-heavy Tory Parliament like this, wishing to resist all but the most cautious concessions, could have based its opposition very plausibly on the Simon Report.

MR. BALDWIN AND HIS PARTY
The die-hards did do so, of course. It is to the credit of Mr. Baldwin and to his credit alone—that his party was won over to the Federal scheme. He has done nothing so courageous in his whole career. All through his leadership he has tried to win his party over to a course of enlightened Toryism, as opposed to the selfish obscurantism of his influential Right. The Right has for years, watched this tendency with increasing hostility, and Mr. Baldwin knew from the beginning, that by committing himself to federation he was challenging it dangerously on mos. formidable ground; and not only that, but that he was also straining the loyalty of his Right Centre, who had followed him, trustfully so far but who might break with him in dread (however false the analogy) of creating another Ireland in India.

Mr. Baldwin deliberately staked his leadership on this step. It was the mos. pale and anxious Mr. Baldwin one has ever seen who faced the Tory Central Council on the famous White Paper. It was menacing enough to have Mr. Churchill leading the die-hards against him, but this occasion was also to show where the doubtful Right Centre stood. That was the real crisis of the Tory conflict on India, but Mr. Baldwin knew at the end of the day that all his party, save the die-hards, was standing behind him for the Federal plan. That was a great triumph for him. What has been not quite so much noted is the triumph he also had in the Cabinet. He managed to bring every one of his Tory colleagues over to the side of the bill. Lord Hailsham among them. Truly Mr. Baldwin has established an ascendancy over his party greater than that of any leader, since Disraeli. There were later Tory conferences; and the die-hards, led by Mr. Churchill, were always promising such a revolt as should overwhelm Mr. Baldwin, but never did it spread beyond the die-hard group.

MR. CHURCHILL'S FIGHT

Then Mr. Churchill tumbled on the alleged Derby-Hoare attempt to tamper with witnesses from the Manchester Chamber of Commerce who were appearing before the Joint Select Committee. Once again Mr. Baldwin was facing a crisis, and the Government with it. If Mr. Churchill's allegations had been brought home, it would have been the end of the India Bill and of Mr. Baldwin's leadership. But the Committee of Privileges, which investigated the charges, found that they were without the slightest substance. Next Mr. Churchill fell back on the Parliamentary right against the bill, but by this time he re-

CANTON NEWS

Officials To Wear Uniforms

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Canton, Aug. 23.

Beginning from September 1, all government officials and Kuomintang workers are required to wear uniforms instead of ordinary long gowns or European clothes. This order is made by the South-west Political Council in the interest of economy, although the officials will have to spend some money for the new clothes.

The uniforms are to be made of native materials of a cheap quality. The officials, it is said, will look more energetic and lively in uniforms. Those who are above the age of 45 are allowed to wear ordinary suits and when more officials wear uniforms, the tailor shops will quit cutting European dress but concentrate on manufacturing uniforms.

REPORTER ARRESTED
There is no prospect of an immediate release of the reporter who offended the authorities by issuing a news copy on the formation of an additional battery of anti-aircraft guns. He made daily calls on the Air Defence Committee and was given all information on precautions of air defence.

News copies distributed by news agencies here are not required to be censored, but newspapers are ordered to submit galley proofs for censorship every night. This does not absolve the responsibility of the reporter in giving out news that is deemed offensive. The Air Defence Committee is formed to take care of the air protection of Canton and has no connection with the Air Force.

CANTON PROSPERITY

Mr. Hung Shao Hong, Chairman of the Canton Chamber of Commerce, is on his way to Nanking to negotiate with the Central Authorities for the refund of the sum of \$40,000,000, the loan floated in Canton in 1926 for the Northern Expedition. Mr. Hung said that Canton needs the money for reconstruction and industrial purposes.

This project has official backing. Canton will be prosperous if there is money for reconstruction.

TYPHOON WARNING

The following typhoon warnings were received in the Colony at 3.45 p.m. yesterday:
1. Manila, August 23, 2.40 p.m. Typhoon in about 122 Long. E. and 22 Lat. N., moving N.W.
2. Typhoon in about 141 Long. E. and 12 Lat. N., moving W.N.W.

UTILITIES BILL

Washington, Aug. 22.
The House of Representatives, by 219 votes to 142, accepted the Senate compromise providing for a modified "death sentence" on the Utilities Holding Companies Bill.

The compromise instructs the Securities Exchange Commission to dissolve all utility holding companies as soon as practicable after January 1, 1933 except those operating single integrated systems, or that can prove that economies are not otherwise obtainable.

House leaders now believe that the enactment of the Bill is assured this session.

Reuter.

cognised that Mr. Baldwin had won, for he accepted the die-table for the bill. There was to be no last-ditch fight against the measure. The die-hards were content to have a reasonable opportunity of putting their case. That they did with considerable skill and, in the case of Mr. Churchill, with supreme ability. But it was a kid-glove fight. Such bitterness as there was only came to the surface in duels between Mr. Churchill and Sir Samuel Hoare, sharers of a deep-mutual antipathy.

And so at the end of it all Mr. Baldwin has not only prevailed but he has come through with his party intact and even undamaged. All that the Indian struggle has done is to show once again that pure reaction is a lost cause, even within the Tory party. Reactionism went down on the Parliament Bill and on Ireland just as it has gone down on India. That is a thought not without mild comfort, faced as we are with the prospect of another five years of Tory government.

AGREEMENT AT GENOVA

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

By the strenuous efforts of all concerned agreement, which however, has yet to be accepted by the Council, was reached at Geneva late last night, and the Italo-Abyssinian dispute will now be considered by the three European Powers principally concerned during the present month and will revert to the League of Nations in September. Neither Abyssinia nor the League will be directly associated with the forthcoming diplomatic negotiations; but in practice the Ethiopian Government will undoubtedly be kept informed of their progress, and inevitably the views of that Government will weigh considerably with at least two of the three European negotiators. Furthermore, if the negotiations are not formally placed under the auspices of the League, as Britain and France would have wished, they quite obviously have the sanction and the blessing of the League, since Council is known to approve them. The connection of the League with the attempt to settle the Italo-Abyssinian dispute is thus maintained. The maintenance of this connection is vital to the League. The conflict is between two of its members, of whom one has appealed directly to it; and if it let go of this problem it would justly be regarded as a useless piece of make-believe. And it is well to remember that the safeguarding of the integrity of its members is far from being the only collective duty of the League, as is so commonly suggested by interested States. By Article XIX, it may advise changes in obsolete treaties, and by Article XXII it is authorized to entrust to more advanced nations the care of backward races. These, however, are points which will have to be taken into account in the settlement of the fundamental issues between Italy and Abyssinia; all that settled at Geneva last night was the manner in which the solution is to be attempted.

QUESTION OF PROCEDURE

Even this question of procedure was not settled without the greatest difficulty. The lead in the Geneva discussions of the last few days was taken by Great Britain and France, and credit is due to Mr. Eden and M. Laval for the skill with which they have helped to reconcile the views of the Italian and Ethiopian representatives, while availing themselves opportunely of the machinery of the League. The chief difficulties arose from the Italian determination to keep the disputes as narrowly confined as possible to themselves and Ethiopia. They were obstinately opposed to the association of Abyssinia with negotiations under the 1906 Treaty signed by Great Britain, France, and Italy, and relating to Abyssinia, to the negotiations being held under the patronage of the League; to a brief time-limit being set to them; to an undertaking being given that there should be no hostilities in the meantime; and to the discussion by the Conciliation Commission already set up under the 1928 Treaty between Italy and Abyssinia of any other matter than responsibility for the clash at Walwal in December. On most of these points Signor Mussolini has had his way.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

A tea dance will be held at the Repulse Bay Hotel on Sunday, when a half hourly bus service will be run.

Two cases of enteric fever were reported to the Health Authorities for the 24 hours ended on Thursday.

Suffering from concussion as a result of a piece of concrete falling on her head, Kwong Tai Man, of 174 Cheungshaw Road, ground floor, was removed to the Kowloon Hospital.

A fatal accident occurred at the wolfram mine on Needle Hill on Thursday, when a large piece of rock, weighing about five tons, became dislodged and fell on a labourer, Wan Sze, aged 30 years, who was instantly killed. The body was sent to the Kowloon Mortuary.

With his right hand blown off and suffering from other severe injuries caused when a stick of dynamite exploded in his hand

FIRST LORD ON ITS GREAT TASKS

The Best Weapons Essential

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

Compared with the great naval Powers to-day, said Sir Bolton Eyres-Monsell, First Lord of the Admiralty, last night, we had only about half a navy, a short time ago a small air force, and a very small army.

He was speaking at a Conservative gathering at Blenheim, Oxfordshire, the seat of the Duke of Marlborough.

"In spite of our greater responsibilities, we are spending a smaller proportion of our national income on armaments than any other country in the world," he stated. "We have reduced our armaments to the point of danger, and we are bound to make good the deficiency in our fighting forces."

"It is a monstrous thing to expect our soldiers, sailors or airmen to fight—there is no question of aggression; all the world knows that—if they have not the most up-to-date weapons. We have to make good our deficiency to take part in any request for collective security."

"If you read history," Sir Bolton continued, "you will find that nearly always in peace time people have let down the Navy, and when they found it could not carry out its duties someone was hanged. Generally it was the wrong person—and that makes me nervous."

The Navy is, and must remain, the chief guarantor of the food and raw materials for this country."

IF IT FAILED IN TASK

The whole of the British Empire—one quarter of the globe—depended entirely for its defence on the British Navy, and if ever the British Navy was unequal to the task, God help the peace of the world. If the people of this country made sure that the Navy was adequate to the task, it meant that a quarter of the world was put in a secure and stable position. If we did that, we were making the greatest contribution the country had ever made to what they most passionately longed for—the continued peace of the world.

They were told by the Socialists that they would have taken steps in the Far East which would have plunged us into a first class war. "To-day they are saying the same thing," added Sir Bolton. "They would plunge this country into war; they would do more than that—they would plunge the country into war unprepared."

GEM OF A PLAYER

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

Have you ever seen a doll play tennis? You can, for Miss Gem Hooshing, the little Chinese girl who has just won the schoolgirls' competition at Queen's Club, is a human doll, only 4 feet 7 inches in height.

She has the little brown arms and legs, flimsy silk frock to her knees, and shock of jet black hair of every brunette doll you see in shop windows.

But no doll or lit le girl of 14 has yet played lawn tennis as well as Gem plays it. She has all the shots of a champion, and a poker face.

SHE LIKED CRICKET

In a few years she could be champion of Wimbledon if her mother would let her make lawn tennis her career instead of sending her to a university to study for the degrees which mother took at Cambridge.

Mrs. Hooshing does not mind her daughter playing tennis in the holidays, but she never has time off from school for a tournament or for coaching, though the best coaches in the country have been engaged to teach her.

Gem did so start lawn tennis too early. Cricket was her first love because her father was a keen cricketer in his youth, though all the family now play lawn tennis.

As you would guess from her network on the courts she is a good life dancer and clever on skates.

The experts say that she will one day play for Britain in the Wightman Cup; her mother says it is too early to talk about such things. Besides, as Gem came to England when she was very young, she has forgotten nearly all her Chinese, and will have to go back to China to pick it up again.

NEWS SUMMARY

A comely-looking Chinese dancing girl, Wong Shan Sham, residing at No. 9 Gap Road, first floor, appeared in the dock before Mr. W. Schofield, at the Central Magistrate's court yesterday, charged with disorderly conduct at 3.15 a.m. on Friday in Morrison Hill Road. Page 6.

"Six months' hard labour was imposed by Mr. Macfadyen in the Central Police Court yesterday on Chan Lai, 26, unemployed, who pleaded guilty to snatching two rolls of cloth from Lee Nui, granddaughter of Lee Sau Kuen, widow of 56 Queen's Road East. Page 6.

Five young unemployed men were brought before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistrate's court yesterday, charged with obtaining two meals from different restaurants on credit by fraud, and each was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour on each charge. Page 6.

Three European motorists appeared before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistrate's court yesterday to answer summonses for failing to carry lights on their vehicles and all were fined. Another motorist was fined for causing an obstruction. Page 6.

A 24-year-old concubine, Mak Sau Chan, appeared before Mr. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistrate's court yesterday, charged with stealing a gold neck chain, a jade ring, a gold bangle and a finger ring, valued at \$55, from Liu Yeung, shopkeeper, at No. 502 Prince Edward Road, first floor, between June 5 and 17. Defendant pleaded guilty and was remanded for 24 hours in police custody for further enquiries. Page 6.

The "D" (S) Company (Lincolnshire) held their annual Aquatic Swimming Sports at the Y.M.C.A. bath yesterday. The most exciting event on the card was the 150-yds. 3 styles when Pte. Blackmore just managed to snatch a last minute victory from Cpl. Malby. Page 10.

Mr. Sydney Ng Quinn, of Messrs. Geo. K. Hall Brutton & Co., was admitted to practise as a solicitor in the Courts of Hong Kong by Mr. Justice Lindsell, Palsne Judge, at the Supreme Court yesterday. Page 7.

There was a large gathering present at the Police Recreation Club on Thursday night when members bade farewell to Crown Sergeant Arthur Charnan, of the Police Force, who is being invalided home on pension, leaving by the P and O Ranchi to-morrow. A supper was given followed by a splendid impromptu concert. Page 7.

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ITALY PREPARED!

Rome, August 23.—It is understood that the Italian Military Staff have already considered the measures to meet the eventuality of Britain obtaining the necessary majority, at Geneva, to close the Suez Canal.

A further squadron of bombing and reconnaissance planes, totalling twenty-four, will be leaving Naples to-day for East Africa.—*Reuter*.

CABLE NEWS
IN BRIEF

Shanghai, August 23.—According to the Chinese press the Shanghai-Canton radio telephone service will be inaugurated on October 10 (The "Double Tenth") (Reuter).

Nanking, August 23.—General Chiang Kai-shek, accompanied by Madame Chiang, left for Changtu by air this morning.—*Reuter*.

New York, August 23.—Jacobs, the promoter, announced to-day that the Baer-Louis fight has been definitely fixed to take place at the Yankee Stadium, New York, on September 29.—*Reuter*.

Batavia, August 23.—The air service which was mentioned in a message yesterday will be from Java to Singapore and thence to Penang.—*Reuter*.

Honolulu, August 23.—The "Flying Clipper" landed here at 11.32 p.m. New York summer time.—*Reuter*.

Batavia, August 23.—The Ordinance issued yesterday for the restriction of the employment of foreigners in Java will come into force on August 24, and provides that foreigners entering the country cannot be employed without the consent of the Director of Justice. It does not apply to Asiatics.—*Reuter*.

Oslo, August 23.—Aubert Norvege, Minister to Japan and China, has been appointed Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.—*Reuter*.

Nanking, Aug. 23.—Mr. Wang Ching-wei has issued a circular telegram to the Military and Administrative Organs throughout the country, announcing his resignation of the chairmanship of the Executive Yuan. The telegram acknowledges Mr. Wang's indebtedness to Mr. H. H. Kung who acted as chairman of the Executive Yuan during Mr. Wang's absence to recuperate his health.—*Reuter*.

Nanking, Aug. 23.—Mr. Huang Fu who specially came from Mo-kang a few days ago to interview General Chiang Kai-shek has left for Hangchow by motor car this morning en route to the mountain resort. Mr. Huang Fu's latest visit, failed to clarify the question as to whether he will actually assume the post of Home Minister to which he was appointed a few months ago.—*Reuter*.

THE ZIONIST CONGRESS

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Lucerne, Aug. 22.—According to the statements made by the Zionist Congress on Thursday 10,000 persons immigrated to Palestine in 1932, 30,000 in 1933, and 42,000 in 1934, while during the first 7 months of 1935 already 35,000 have arrived.

The Jews have contributed up till now about Palestine £10,000,000 to develop agriculture while capital invested in industry is estimated at £7,000,000. 24,000 persons being employed. The revenue of the government for 1934 was over £5,000,000. Last year Japan sold to Palestine merchandise valued at £600,000 without out having bought anything in exchange.—*Transocean Kuo Min*.

ROME HOLDS OUT HOPE
For Peaceful Settlement Of
The Dispute

CLEARNESS OF BRITAIN'S ATTITUDE

(Special to "Hong Kong Daily Press")
(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1924 Received, August 23, 7.30 p.m.)

Rome, August 23.

Although satisfaction is expressed here that the British Cabinet passed no resolution directed against Italy, the feeling nevertheless prevails that the British attitude remains unaltered and that British support for the application of sanctions in case of hostilities has not been removed, but has, on the other hand, been increased through the unanimity of opinion now said to exist between members of the Cabinet and leaders of the Opposition.

That the door to peaceful settlement is apparently not entirely closed by Italy is indicated by a noteworthy remark in the "Popolo di Roma" which states "that either the efforts to find a basis for an understanding between Italy and Abyssinia will succeed, or Britain will try and force France to support the resolution, in Geneva, directed against Italy."

A similar view is expressed by the "Corriere Della Stella" which adds that Britain is evidently playing for time since she is not certain of the French attitude.—*Transocean Kuo Min*.

MINISTERS LEAVE

London, August 23.—The Conference of Ministers in Downing Street lasted two hours and a quarter after which several ministers, including Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Sir Samuel Hoare, Sir Bolton Eyres-Monsell and Lord Halifax left No. 10.—*Reuter*.

BRITISH OBLIGATIONS

London, Aug. 23.—Reaffirmation of the Government's declared policy, fully upholding British obligations under the League Covenant, and continued reliance that other League members will bring such pressure to bear on Italy as the situation on September 4 warrants, is the general interpretation of yesterday's Cabinet decision, so far as the Conservative press is concerned.

The "Daily Herald" presumes the decisions will form the basis of discussions which must now be taken up with the French Government and which must remain confidential.

This paper emphasises that the dispute is one between the League and Italy, and not between Great Britain and Italy.

The "Daily Mail" wants Britain to leave the League and avoid becoming involved in a war.

The "Daily Express" scoffs at the idea of sanctions, says they are impracticable, and visualises Britain retiring into a splendid isolation, surrounded by treaty-breakers.

SYSTEM OF SANCTIONS

The "Times" says if Italy even now will negotiate, she may find considerable understanding of her claims both in London and Paris, but Britain is loth to temper to condone a crude violation of the Kellogg Pact and the Covenant.

The Government will fail in its duty if it does not uphold this principle.

It would have been gratifying, continues the "Times", if the Government had been able to make a declaration approving the system of sanctions and withholding supplies of all sorts from any aggressor country, but its present unwillingness to do so does not imply that it will not apply sanctions in any circumstances.

The "Daily Telegraph" says the Cabinet has rightly interpreted the conscience of the British people in declaring its intention of utilising the League machinery till it has been proved incapable for the ends for which it was brought into existence.—*Reuter*.

REMAINING IN LONDON

London, Aug. 23.—Before returning to Lossiemouth by air to-day, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald presided this morning at a meeting in No. 10 Downing Street.

The Ministers who are remaining in or near London, ready to deal with any developments consequent on the decisions made yesterday include Sir Samuel Hoare and Mr. Neville Chamberlain.—*Reuter*.

WELL MEANING

Rome, Aug. 22.—News that the British Government had decided to continue the arms embargo was received with satisfaction here, since it was feared that Britain might decide to allow free exports to Abyssinia. The decision to continue Britain's League policy was expected, while the intention of continuing negotiations through diplomatic



Mr. Anthony Eden whose report on the Paris talks was discussed at the special meeting of the Cabinet.

channels is regarded as well-meaning but useless.—*Reuter*.

QUIETLY AND CALMLY

London, Aug. 22.—After deliberating upon the Ethiopian embroglio for nearly five hours, the British Cabinet emergency meeting broke up at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon. They were cordially greeted by the dense crowd as they left Downing Street.

"We have made up our minds, quietly and calmly and coolly. We have the clearest minds as to what should be done," declared Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, former Prime Minister, leaving No. 10 Downing Street. He is going to Lossiemouth by air to-morrow.

SILVER MARKET

(From Our Own Correspondent)

London, August 23.—London silver prices to-day were up 7/16 on Spot and 9/16 on forward as follows:—

	Aug. 22	Aug. 23
Spot	29	29-7/16
Forward	28-13/16	29-3/8

London on New York cross-rate at 2 p.m. to-day was 4.9681 as compared with 4.9762 at closing yesterday.

Other ministers declined to make any comment, but an official statement is expected later. Several members of the Cabinet are resuming their holidays immediately, including the Prime Minister, Mr. Stanley Baldwin, who returns to Aix-les-Bains to-night.

There will be no further meetings of the Cabinet before the League of Nations Council meeting on September 4.—*Reuter*.

FOR AFRICAN SERVICE

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Rome, Aug. 22.—The airplane mother ship "Miraglia" with 5 bombing airplanes, 5 reconnaissance planes, 80 pilots also the steamer "Ravenna" with 875 mules on board left for East Africa.

Among those who witnessed the departure at Naples were many leading personalities of the Italian Air Service, the event causing much excitement in the city.—*Transocean Kuo Min*.

NO WAR IN ABYSSINIA

Geneva, August 23.—That the clearness with which the British attitude has been defined will have a great weight on Signor Mussolini's future decisions is the general view in League circles here.

If the British Government sticks to its guns, it is believed that there will be no war in Abyssinia.—*Reuter*.

MANY SHIPS LEAVING

Rome, August 23.—There has been a tremendous increase this week in the number of ships leaving Naples for East Africa. This is believed to be due to the Italian authorities pushing on the preparations as rapidly as possible in view of the fact that Britain will try to impose in Geneva, the sanction closing the Suez Canal although there is no thought that Britain will be able to obtain the necessary majority.—*Reuter*.

FRANCE PLEASED

Paris, Aug. 22.—The British Cabinet's decisions were received with satisfaction here. Authoritative French quarters speak of the resolve of the Government of Great Britain to continue close collaboration with France as being particularly welcome.

"We ask for nothing better," said one authority. "We congratulate ourselves upon the British decision."

It is expected here that Anglo-French collaboration will first take the form of a continued exchange of views through diplomatic channels, but the French Government is naturally ready for any personal contracts which may be deemed necessary.—*Reuter*.

NO STATEMENT

London, Aug. 22.—Contrary to expectations there has been no official statement with respect to to-day's Cabinet meeting. It is authoritatively learned that Mr. Anthony Eden made a detailed report upon the Paris discussions, after which the Cabinet considered various associated questions.

The Cabinet, it is believed, endorsed the decisions taken by the British and French representatives in Paris to remain in constant touch and closer co-operation and until the League Council meets on September 4 to explore with Italy the possibility of finding a peaceful settlement.

In view of these explorations it was decided at present not to make a change in the decision taken in July to temporarily withhold licences for the export of arms to Italy and Abyssinia.

This does not mean that this decision will necessarily be maintained until September 4.

It was further decided that there was no reason to change the policy already frequently announced, respecting Britain's attitude towards the League of Nations and its Covenant.

In this respect it is recalled that Sir Samuel Hoare, the Foreign Minister, made a statement in the House of Commons on July 31 to the effect that the nation was fully conscious of its treaty and Covenant obligations, and certainly intended to uphold them.

READY FOR WAR!

Addis Ababa, Aug. 23.—The Abyssinian Army has received orders to prepare for all eventualities. All boys and men, between the ages of fifteen and eighty, are ready to follow the drum but there is no question, at present, of general mobilisation which will only occur when Negus rides out on his white charger to take command of his troops.—*Reuter*.

SOCIAL CREDIT
GOVERNMENTFor The Province
Of Alberta

Edmonton, Aug. 23.—The Province of Alberta in which the Prince of Wales' ranch is situated becomes the first territory in the British Empire to elect a social credit government, with its policy based on the economic theories of Major Douglas.

The Social Credit League, headed by its evangelical economist-founder, William Aberhart, contested in the election on the promise of "five pound sterling monthly for every citizen and also advocated the establishment of a just price to eliminate all profiteering and remove the demoralising effect of unemployment.

The League entered a candidate in all six-hundred seats, thirty of which were hitherto elected, while the League's candidates are leading in twenty-eight other constituencies.

READY TO RESIGN

Reid, the Premier and leader of the United Farmers' Party which has been in Power since 1921, conceded to defeat and stated that the government is ready to resign. Though not a candidate, Mr. Aberhart expressed his willingness to assume the premiership, and will presumably, be found a seat in the by-election.—*Reuter*.

COTTON LOAN
London Welcomes
Announcement

London, August 23.—The long delayed Cotton Loan announcement is generally welcomed in Liverpool and London as the farmers are now able to market cotton in the ordinary trade channels with the Government making up the selling price to twelve pence which should materially ease the present tightness in the spot situation, thus leading to broader trade.

Export possibilities are greatly enhanced because America will henceforth compete relatively on an unrestricted basis, whereas during the previous season actual cotton was often virtually unobtainable.

New York brokers expect the market to open at 60/70 down, with the premium for October to May narrowing. Many contracts which had recently been accumulated on the optimistic predictions by cotton Senators are likely to be unloaded.

Cotton protagonists are disappointed because the farmers had previously received a twelve-cent loan, plus 2½ cents benefit, while now the new twelve-cent guarantee includes the benefit.

Liverpool showed an appreciable weakening for nears as compared with distant but the heavy liquidations have been well absorbed.—*Reuter*.

COTTON LOAN

Washington, Aug. 22.—For the fourth successive day, President Roosevelt, with his aides, has been considering a Cotton Loan for the 1935 crop, but no immediate announcement is forthcoming.—*Reuter*.

been arranged. Certain ministers will remain in London or within easy reach and will be available to meet at any moment.

Reuter learns that there is no reason to suppose the decision of the Council on September 4, and the League Assembly on September 6 will not proceed on normal lines.—*Reuter*.



SOLE AGENTS:—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

HOME CRICKET

Rain Interferes

London, Aug. 23.—Rain throughout the country interfered severely with the county cricket programme. Essex won their match against Hampshire on the first innings, there being no play to-day. Hampshire made 223 runs, Nichols getting 5 for 43 and in their second knock made 299, Arnold getting 131. Essex scored 247 (Kennedy 6 for 94).

Other scores were: Notts beat Warwick on the first innings. Warwick, 113 (Woodhead 6/28) and 290 for 3.

Notts 124. Lancs beat Northants on the first innings.

Lancs, 521 for 5 declared (Paynter 208, not out). Northants, 178 (Hopwood 7 for 6) and 110 for 0.

Sir Julien Cahn's XI drew with the South Africans.

Cahn's XI, 235. South Africans, 81 for 0.

Kent beat Derby on the first innings.

Kent, 560 (Ashdown 305, not out).

Derby, 380 and 121 for 2.

Sussex and Surrey drawn, each four points.

Sussex, 489 (John Langridge 111, Melville 110, H. Parks 100, not out).

Surrey, 330 for 9 (James Langridge 5 for 98).

Gloucester beat Glamorgan by an innings and 63 runs.

Gloucester, 440 for 9, declared (Sinfield 209, not out) Barnett 128.

Glamorgan, 236 (Sinfield 4/47, Goddard 4/90) and 139 (Sinfield 5/56, Goddard 5/61).

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BIG SLUMP

In Cotton Prices

London, August 23.—Cotton futures slumped by 75 cents per bale and its equivalent on some options by over three-quarter cents per pound, on the wave of selling, based on the Government's loan announcement.

Trading circles expected another twelve cent loan and while the loan announcement disappointed the speculators, the terms of the programme are viewed as highly constructive by most cotton economists and trade authorities.

New Orleans' declines reached 44 dollars per bale before active months but recovered by about one dollar.—*Reuter*.

NOT POLITICAL INCIDENT

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Addis Ababa, Aug. 22.—The Italian Legation have now declared that the Italian Consul, Baron Muzzi Falconi wounded himself in the left lung, when cleaning his hunting rifle. His wife who was accompanying him with the caravan found him lying in his own blood, a short way from the camp, which he had left on his own. The Italians emphasise that it was not a case of a political incident. The Consul's condition is no longer causing anxiety.—*Transocean Kuo Min*.

SILVER PURCHASE

Washington, Aug. 22.—A special silver investigating committee, headed by Senator Key Pittman, was organised to-day, and it was agreed to push for a vote, before the adjournment, on the McCarran Bill repealing certain sections of the Silver Purchase Act.

The measure would repeal the 50 per cent tax on silver trading profits, authorise the nationalisation of the metal, and licence exporters, and importers.—*Reuter*.

FOR AFRICA

Naples, Aug. 23.—The aircraft carrier "Miraglia" is leaving again to-night for East Africa.

She carries another small contingent of fighting aircraft and Air Force men. She has five big bombers and five scout machines aboard, and eighty airmen.

General Pinna, Deputy Chief of Staff of the Air Force, is also aboard.—*Reuter*.

NEUTRALITY BILL

Washington, Aug. 22.—The Foreign Affairs Committee of the House has adopted a compromise on the Neutrality Bill whereby the Senate Clause rendering mandatory on the President to declare an embargo in the event of an outbreak of war will be retained, but providing that the Bill be effective only until February 28, 1936.—*Reuter*.

COAL BILL PASSED

Washington, Aug. 23.—The Senate, by 45 votes, to 37, passed the Guffey Coal Bill, with Senator Borah's amendment, distributing to producers complying with the Code. This will make price-fixing impossible. According to Senator Borah.

The Bill will now be discussed by a Committee for adjustment on this and other minor points.—*Reuter*.

BASEBALL NOTES

Games Reviewed

(BY "BLEACHER")

The biggest crowd ever to assemble at a baseball game turned out last Sunday morning at the Caroline Hill to witness what was one of the best, if not most interesting game to date, despite the victory of the Chinese over the Japanese by 18 runs to 8.

The game was hotly contested. Both sides went all out from the first frame. The Chinese scored two bingers with the Japanese replying with one. Both sides were blanked out in the second stanza and on the third the Japanese scored one and blanking the Chinese to make the score level.

Up to this stage the fluctuations were about equal, with first one and then the other obtaining the ascendancy. The Japanese took the lead for the first and only time in the fourth when they nudged two runs to the Chinese one.

Then we saw some bright and snappy fielding by the Chinese and their hurricane hitting also in this stanza completely demoralised the Japanese boys who allowed the Chinese to romp home on no less than eight occasions. The Japanese had by then been properly trounced and could do very little right, although they managed to bring in two runs on the 5th and sixth innings. The Chinese added four on the sixth and another three on the seventh to bring their tally to 18.

CHINESE SUPERB

On the day's play the Chinese were confident and showed the spectators that they were no mean exponents of the game. They had almost every difficult situation well covered and got out of many a tight corner. They were never harried as compared to the Japanese who finding themselves on the downward trend completely broke up their morale and played listlessly.

The pitching of the Chinese boys were well up to the fore and their airtight fielding spelt disaster to the Japanese especially when things looked bright for them.

Most of the Chinese batters connected their sticks to the 'pill' on more than one occasion and this fact can be gauged by the four home runs scored by them. A very clever piece of triple-play was also enacted by the Chinese. By virtue of this victory the Chinese have now occupied the premier position in the League.

CHINESE SHOULD WIN

The Canadians last week put up a very sorrowful display against the Americans. They were so to say completely outclassed by the Americans so much so that the Americans scored at random.

The Americans piled up 28 runs as against 6 by the Canadians. This could easily be accounted for by the poor fielding served by their neighbours. To-morrow the Canadians are meeting the Chinese and it goes without saying that another defeat stares them in the face.

GOOD GAME PROMISED

On Sunday a good game is promised by the clashing of the Americans and the Japanese on Caroline Hill.

Both teams according to their past displays are about of equal calibre with the odds slightly in favour of the Japanese by virtue of their more equally balanced team. The Japanese holding too is slightly superior to the Americans and if the Americans can only master this defect they may well be able to spring a surprise on the Japanese. All in all a first-rate game is down for decision.

To-day

Chinese v. Canadians

La Salle Ground 3 p.m.

To-morrow

Americans v. Japanese

Caroline Hill 9.30 a.m.

WOMAN'S SHOOTING RECORD

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, August 5.

With an aggregate of 399.8 out of a possible 401, Miss Margaret Allison of Bridge of Allan, Stirlingshire, created a new woman's record in marksmanship yesterday. She was shooting at the Northern area competition meeting of the Society of Miniature Rifle Clubs at Doncaster.

Her score has only once been beaten, and that by a man, at Bialy, with a score of 400.3. J. J. McKenna, of Perth, won the SMRC Championship.

LOCAL TENNIS

Exhibition At C.R.C.

Occasional bright flashes relieved an otherwise very dull exhibition of tennis, when Kho-Sin Kie, the Chinese Davis Cup tennis player, who has recently returned from a tour of the United States met S. A. Rumjahn, the local champion, on the Chinese Recreation Club courts, at Causeway Bay, yesterday afternoon. A goodly crowd of spectators, most of whom were Chinese, saw Kho defeat Rumjahn 6-3, 2-6, 6-2.

The only really brilliant department of the game that Kho shone in was his service, which worked with a machine like precision throughout. His volleying was weak, only occasionally did one see what he was really capable of, and he appears to have had too much tennis for he is definitely stale.

RUMJAHN'S SET

Rumjahn on the other hand started well, winning three of his service games, but allowed Kho to run away with the first set. In the second, however, he improved immensely, and took full advantage of the mistakes his opponent made, to level the score, at 1 set all.

After this a vast change was noticeable when Kho steadied himself. Each won a game in turn until the score stood at 2 all when Kho took the remaining four games with Rumjahn visibly tiring.

THE DOUBLES

S. A. Rumjahn was partnered by E. C. Fincher in the doubles and although they have never played together, they put up a gallant fight against Kho and Lee Wai Tong. The latter pair won 6-2, 7-5; the final set being evenly contested.

Fincher and Rumjahn ran away in the last set, getting an invaluable lead at 3-0, which, however, was no sooner gained than lost. Kho and Lee drew level and eventually ran out winners after being 4-5 down. Kho's service was again unapproachable, while Lee delighted with some fine angle volleying. Although Fincher and Rumjahn started poorly they improved as the game went on and at one period looked as if they would level matters. Fincher's great weakness was his backhand.

NO DISTINCTION OF RACE

On Field Of Sport

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright))

Berlin, Aug. 22.

Investigating reports current in foreign countries that Germany will discriminate against the Jews with regard to participation in next year's Olympic Games, the "Transocean" learns from the office of the Reich Sport Leader that Germany will receive all nations and their sports teams with a like friendliness and with no distinction of race.

All international events hitherto organised by Germany have passed off without the least friction, and with the greatest of cordiality, while the Jews, living in Germany have full opportunity to join the existing Jewish "Sports" Clubs, or found new ones, and no barrier has been put by the State in the way of German Clubs receiving Jews as members. Jewish Clubs have also the opportunity to train on their own grounds or rented sports grounds, and a special Olympic preparatory courses for Jewish sportsmen have been arranged by the Reich Sports Leader.

The exclusion of Jews from the Olympic selective contests have not taken place; such contests have not been held up till now—*Transocean Kue-Min*

WOMAN WINS £300 RESEARCH AWARD

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.

The John Lucas Walker Studentship for original research in psychology, of £300 a year for three years, has been awarded to Miss Myrtle Elaine Adair, Ph.D., B.A., of Girton College, Cambridge. Mrs. Adair, as Miss M. E. Robinson, came to Girton from Clarendon School, Southport, Lancs, and gained a double first in the natural sciences tripos in 1921-22. She had held a research scholarship at Girton and a research fellowship at Newnham, and recently she was junior Beit Memorial Fellow.

LOCAL SOCCER

Six A-Side Competition

News has been received from the Hon. Secretary of the Area Football League that the six a-side football competition sponsored under their auspices will begin on September 21 and 22.

The competition is open to all Clubs affiliated to the Hong Kong Football Association and that play will be of 7½ minutes duration each way.

Clubs are allowed to enter as many teams as they wish but no one player is allowed to play for more than one Club. The entrance fee for each team is \$1.

Should the number of entries renders it necessary preliminary rounds between teams will be played off on Friday, September 20.

The entrance will be closed on September 2 and draws will be made on September 4.

U. S. BASEBALL

New York, Aug. 22.

The leading teams in the two major Baseball Leagues in America were beaten to-day, the Giants being nosed out by the Cubs and the Tigers losing to the Red Sox.

The match between the Giants and the Cubs was featured by the high average of home runs scored. The contest was taken to eleven innings before a decision was reached and then only seven runs were registered by the two teams. Of this number no less than six were home runs.

St. Louis Cardinals, second to the Giants in the National League, were not engaged, their match being postponed on account of rain, but the New York Yankees, challengers to the Detroit Tigers, also suffered defeat.

Results of matches played to-day follow:—

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R	H	E
Cincinnati	9	12	1
Philadelphia	1	3	1

(Herman, Kampouris and Cuyler scored home runs for the

Chicago

New York

(Herman and Hartnett scored home runs for the Cubs while Melvin Ott twice homered for the Giants, for whom Mancuso also scored a home run. There were eleven innings).

The match between St. Louis Cardinals and Brooklyn Dodgers was postponed on account of rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R	H	E
Philadelphia	1	7	0
Cleveland	0	6	0

(Dietrich pitched for the Athletics).

Washington

Chicago

(Simmons scored a home run for the White Sox).

Boston

Detroit

(Dahlgren and Williams scored home runs for the Red Sox and Greenberg for the Tigers).

New York

St. Louis

Reuter.

WOMAN M.P. TENNIS CHAMPION

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, August 5.

A woman M.P. is tennis champion of Parliament. Miss Thelma Ozaret won the title by defeating Lord Fermoy, M.P., in the final of the members' singles, yesterday, 7-5, 6-3.

Lord Fermoy, partnered by Sir John Gannon, won the members' doubles. Their opponents in the final were Miss Megan Lloyd George and Major John D. Mills. Miss Ozaret has also reached the final of the doubles for members and relatives. Her partner is Mr. Kenneth Lindsay, Civil Lord of the Admiralty. The other finalists are Mr. R. H. Turton and Mrs. Turton. The final will be played in October.

SWIMMING SPORTS

"D" Co., Lincoln Hold Meet

The "D" (S) Company (Lincolnshire) held their annual Aquatic Swimming Sports at the Y.M.C.A. both yesterday afternoon.

The most exciting event on the card was the 150 yards 3 styles race. Cpr. Maltby who was leading the field from the beginning was just beaten by Pte. Blackmore in the last 25 yards.

The following were the results: Long Plunge

1—Pte. Price
2—Pte. Goodley
3—Pte. Moody

Distance 36' 3"

25 Yards (Freestyle)

1—Lt. Roisser
2—Pte. Price
3—Pte. Goodley

Time 13 1/2

150 Yards (3 Styles)

1—Pte. Blackmore
2—Cpl. Maltby
3—Pte. Goodley

Time 2:40

75 Yards (Freestyle)

1—Pte. Price
2—Pte. Turner
3—Pte. Moody

Time 56 secs.

High Diving

1—Pte. Price
2—Pte. Millington
3—Pte. Keegan

150 Yards (Freestyle)

1—Pte. Price

HOME CRICKET

Yorkshire Wins Again

London, Aug. 22.

By her victory over Gloucestershire at Worcester, Yorkshire has regained the County Cricket Championship even though she has another three matches to play.

She has at present a percentage of 73.58 against Derbyshire's average of 62.12. Even if Yorkshire loses her three remaining matches she will enjoy a percentage of 66.22 whereas Derbyshire, by winning her next three matches, can only attain a percentage of 66.19.

In the match against Gloucestershire at Worcester, the top team again won by an innings, this time having a margin of sixty runs in her favour.

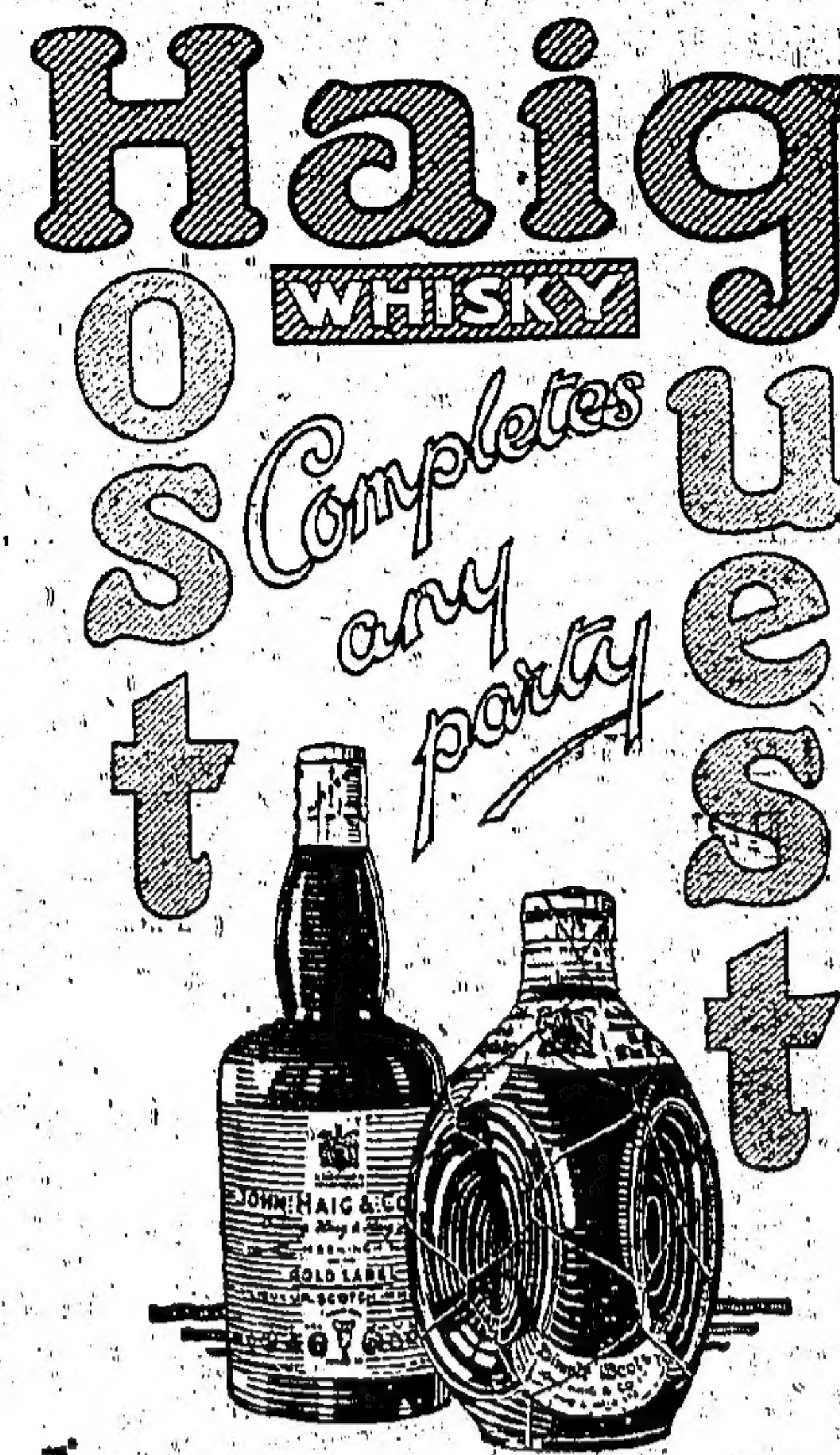
The hosts were dismissed for 154 and then 144, during which Verity took five for 48, while Yorkshire compiled a score of 358 in her only innings. Herbert Sutcliffe once again rose to the occasion and scored a brilliant 138 before dismissal. This is his eighth century of the season.

Howarth, however, was not disheartened in any way and, in taking five wickets, he conceded only 80 runs.

Reuter.

2—Pte. Behett
3—Pte. Blackmore

Time 2 mins. 18 1/5



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THE GENEVA DECISION**A Three-Power Meeting**

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, August 23.

After four days of agitated negotiation over luncheon and dinner tables, of meetings in hotels and in the buildings of the League, and of telephoning and telegraphing between Geneva and Rome and Addis Ababa, the League Council concluded its session last night by voting unanimously the two resolutions, already known in outline, and by placing on record its cognizance of the agreed intention of Great Britain, France, and Italy to negotiate under the tripartite Treaty of 1908 a solution of the Italo-Abyssinian dispute. It is expected that the three Powers will meet in or near Paris within 10 days. Thus, in the words of M. Laval, "we have completed our immediate task, but the gravity of the circumstances remains."

With this summing up of the situation few would disagree. A definitive clash between Italy and the supporters of the League has been avoided but the danger of that clash coming in a month or later is

far from having been dispelled. The immediate task before the Council—namely, to arrange a resumption of the suspended proceedings of the Italo-Abyssinian Conciliation Commission—was fulfilled through the voting of the first resolution.

COUNCIL'S AUTHORITY

Signor Mussolini has also carried his objection to the literal incorporation in the resolutions of the tripartite negotiations, and he can thus claim that these negotiations will technically be pursued outside the League. On the other hand, the second resolution stands to show that whether or not the Italians attend the meeting of the Council on September 4, the general question of Italo-Abyssinian relations will come up before the League on that date, while the words of M. Laval, and in particular of Mr. Eden, prove beyond any doubt that the Council has in no really vital way abdicated its right to concern itself with the major disputes at issue.

There are the best reasons for thinking that other members of the Council who remained silent last night will take on September 4 as firm a line as their colleagues who spoke yesterday, and that the Italian delegate are beginning to realize that. This prospect may not be admitted, avail to prevent Signor Mussolini from proceeding to extremes. The view here still is that the dispute will not end without some military operations. It is, however, felt in League circles that the delay gained by the decisions of yesterday may help to tilt the balance in favour of peace.

GOOD IMPRESSION

The good impression made by the words of Mr. Eden and of M. Laval was evident from the concluding speeches delivered by M. Scavenius (Denmark) and Senor Ruiz Guinazu (Argentina). M. Scavenius referred with particular approbation to Mr. Eden's declaration emphasizing the Council's duty to examine the whole Italo-Abyssinian question on September 4, and thanked him for his promise to keep the Council informed of the outcome of the tripartite negotiations.

The foregoing account of the proceedings shows how essentially hollow and superficial are the complaints made in some Geneva and other newspapers that Italy has scored a great diplomatic victory all along the line, that the principles of the League have been abandoned by Great Britain and France, and that the smaller nations members of the Council were disgusted with this alleged betrayal. It may at once be conceded that Italy has obtained substantial—although, as previously pointed out, not complete—satisfaction over the terms of reference of the Conciliation Commission. Signor Mussolini has also successfully upheld his objection to any date being fixed for the conclusion of the tripartite negotiations.

FIRST RESOLUTION

This read as follows:—The Council, referring to its resolutions of May 23, 1935, concerning the settlement of the dispute which has arisen between the Italian Government and the Ethiopian Government in consequence of the Walwal incident, which settlement was to be effected by the method specified in Article 5 of the Italo-Ethiopian Treaty of August 2, 1928; Whereas the proceedings of the Commission of Conciliation and Arbitration have been interrupted and in order to ensure their resumption, the two Governments concerned have applied to the Council to interpret the agreement reached between those two Governments with regard to the exact scope of the task entrusted to that Commission; without offering any opinion on the attitude of the agents of the two Governments before that Commission or the views expressed by the members of the Commission itself;

Considering that the competence of the Commission rests upon the agreement reached between the parties to the dispute; considering that it appears both from the Notes of May 15 and 18, 1935, and from the declarations made before the Council at its meeting on May 23, that the two parties do agree that the Commission should examine frontier questions or give a legal interpretation of the agreements and treaties concerning the frontier, and that this matter therefore does not fall within the province of the Commission;

NO PREJUDGMENT

Considering in consequence that the Commission must not by its decision on the Walwal incident prejudice the solution of questions which do not fall within its province and that it would be providing that solution if it founded its decision on the opinion that the place at which the incident occurred is under the sovereignty either of Italy or of Ethiopia; declares:—That while it is always open to the Commission to take into consideration without entering upon any discussion on the matter the conviction that was held by the local authorities on either side as to the

sovereignty over the place of the incident—it is clear from the foregoing considerations that the Commission has not to take into account the circumstance that Walwal is under the sovereignty of one or other of the two parties, but must concern itself solely with the other elements in the dispute relating to the Walwal incident.

Takes note that the representatives of the two parties have declared that they intend to pursue the procedure of conciliation and arbitration, under the conditions laid down in Article 5 of the Treaty of 1928;

Takes note of the declaration of the two parties to the effect that the four members of the Commission of Conciliation and Arbitration will proceed without delay to designate the fifth arbitrator whose appointment might be necessary for the carrying through of their work;

Confident that the procedure will have brought about the settlement of the dispute before September 1, 1935, invites the two Governments to inform it of the result not later than September 4, 1935.

Every member of the Council, including Italy, voted in favour of this resolution. The second resolution stated: The Council decides to meet in any event on September 4 to undertake the general examination in its various aspects of the relation between Italy and Ethiopia.

ITALY ABSTAINS

On this resolution Italy abstained from voting. Since, however, this was the only abstention and there were no opposing votes, this second resolution was also carried unanimously.

Before the resolutions were put to the vote by the President, M. Litvinoff, a number of brief speeches were made. Professor Jaze (Ethiopia) declared that for reasons of political expediency the Ethiopian Government would make a considerable sacrifice on behalf of peace. The Ethiopian Government would bow unreservedly before the arbitrator's decision and would conform loyally to it. He welcomed "with joy and with gratitude" the Council's decision to meet in any case on September 4 to undertake a general examination of the relations between Italy and Ethiopia. He hoped that this examination would enable the Council once for all to place the relations of friendship and confidence between Italy and Ethiopia on a sound foundation. Baron Aloisi (Italy) accepted the first resolution. As regards the second resolution, he said he would abstain for the reason to be found in his declaration before the Council on July 31.

M. Laval said that the appointment of a fifth arbitrator permitted them to hope that all would be done to settle finally the Walwal incident. The Council would thus once again have fulfilled its lofty duty, said M. Laval. All those who throughout the world remained attached to the Geneva Institution would rejoice. They had completed their immediate task, but the seriousness of the situation remained. As the representative of France his task was not at an end. With all his force and in every possible thing he would contribute to the search for every means of conciliation. He would be faithful to the obligations of the Covenant, and in response to the unanimous feelings of his countrymen he would fulfil his duty to the end, leaving no stone unturned to maintain peace.

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DUTY OF COUNCIL

Mr. Eden, who was listened to with great interest and attention, supported the procedure contemplated as affording the best chance of bringing about peaceful solution of the differences between Italy and Abyssinia. He wished success to the three-Power conversations, and said he would report

HEART STOPPED**AFTER K. O.**

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 23.

A boxer, dressing-room seconds working feverishly on the limp body of an unconscious fighter... an anxious doctor tending the injured man notes that momentarily his heart stops beating! That was three years ago.

Now, the same boxer can look back on a record of twenty-nine victories in thirty contests during the past twelve months, and the possibility of contending for the middle-weight championship of Great Britain in the next year or so!

Nat Franks, of Dalston, is the boxer. He described to me yesterday how he allowed his sparring partners to batter him mercilessly about the body—just to make sure that his heart was sound!

Franks, who is twenty-two, was "knocked out" in the eighth round of a contest three years ago by a right hook to the heart.

"That's all I remember about that punch!" he told me. "I came round to find that brandy was being poured down my throat."

"The doctor who had brought me round told me that my heart had stopped beating for a moment and he advised me to have a complete rest for some time."

Franks hankered after the old game within three or four months.

PUNCHED BACK TO**CONFIDENCE**

"I had some lads round and told them to punch me about the body as hard as they could," he continued.

"It was not very pleasant, but I realised it was the only way to test my heart effectively. To my delight, I found it wasn't affected at all. My next match I won in four rounds."

their outcome to the Council at their next session. He added:—

In any event the Council will meet on September 4 to consider the general question of the relations between Italy and Abyssinia. We all hope that by that date the present difficulties will have been satisfactorily removed. But should this, unfortunately, not prove to be the case, it will be the duty of the Council to deal with the whole question as it then exists. I will conclude by giving the Council the emphatic assurance that his Majesty's Government will devote every effort to securing a peaceful settlement of this dispute in harmony with the principles of the Covenant. They fully realize the gravity of the issues that are at stake and are mindful of their obligations as a member of the League.

After Mr. Eden had concluded his speech M. Litvinoff intervened to express the satisfaction with which the Council had learned of the proposal to initiate tripartite negotiations under 1908 Treaty. This proposal was contained in the following communiqué distributed just before the session opened:—

The representatives of the Governments of the United Kingdom, France, and Italy, having met together at Geneva on August 1, 1935 in view of the fact that the three Powers signatories of the Treaty of December 30, 1906, concerning Ethiopia have already declared themselves ready to undertake negotiations among themselves with a view to facilitating a solution of the differences existing between Italy and Ethiopia; have agreed to open those conversations at the earliest possible date.

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CHUZENJI (Nikko) Lakeside Hotel	KYOTO— Kyo Hotel Mitsui Hotel Kyo Station Hotel	NIKKO— Kanaya Hotel
GIFU— Nagasaki Hotel	MATSUBE— Park Hotel	OSAKA— Hotel New Osaka Osaka Hotel
KAMAKURA— Kaiten Hotel	MIYAJIMA— Miyajima Hotel	OTSU (near Lake Biwa) Hotel Lake Biwa
KAMIKOCHI (Japan Alps)	MIYANOSHITA (Hakone) Furuta Hotel	SAPPORO— Sapporo Grand Hotel
*KAMIKOCHI Imperial Hotel		
KABUTAWA— Mitsui Hotel		
*Mitsui Hotel		

IN TAIWAN (Formosa)		
TAIPEI— Taiwan Railway Hotel	HSINKING— Yamato Hotel	HOTEN (Mandarin) Yamato Hotel
IN OKINAWA		
HELLO— Ryukyu Railway Hotel	DAIREN— Yamato Hotel	RYOJUN (Pond Arthur) Yamato Hotel
KINQ— Okinawa Hotel		

*Open in Summer Only.

For information, please apply to Secretary.

THE JAPAN HOTEL ASSOCIATION

6-1-1, TOSHIMA-KU, TOKYO, JAPAN

New Health**for your Child**

A Healthy Body
Strong Bones
Sound Teeth
and resistive
power against
infection.



Help your child in the critical years of rapid growth, to develop sturdy bones, healthy teeth, and a strong constitution. You can—by providing him with an abundance of mineral nutrients as contained in Kalzana.

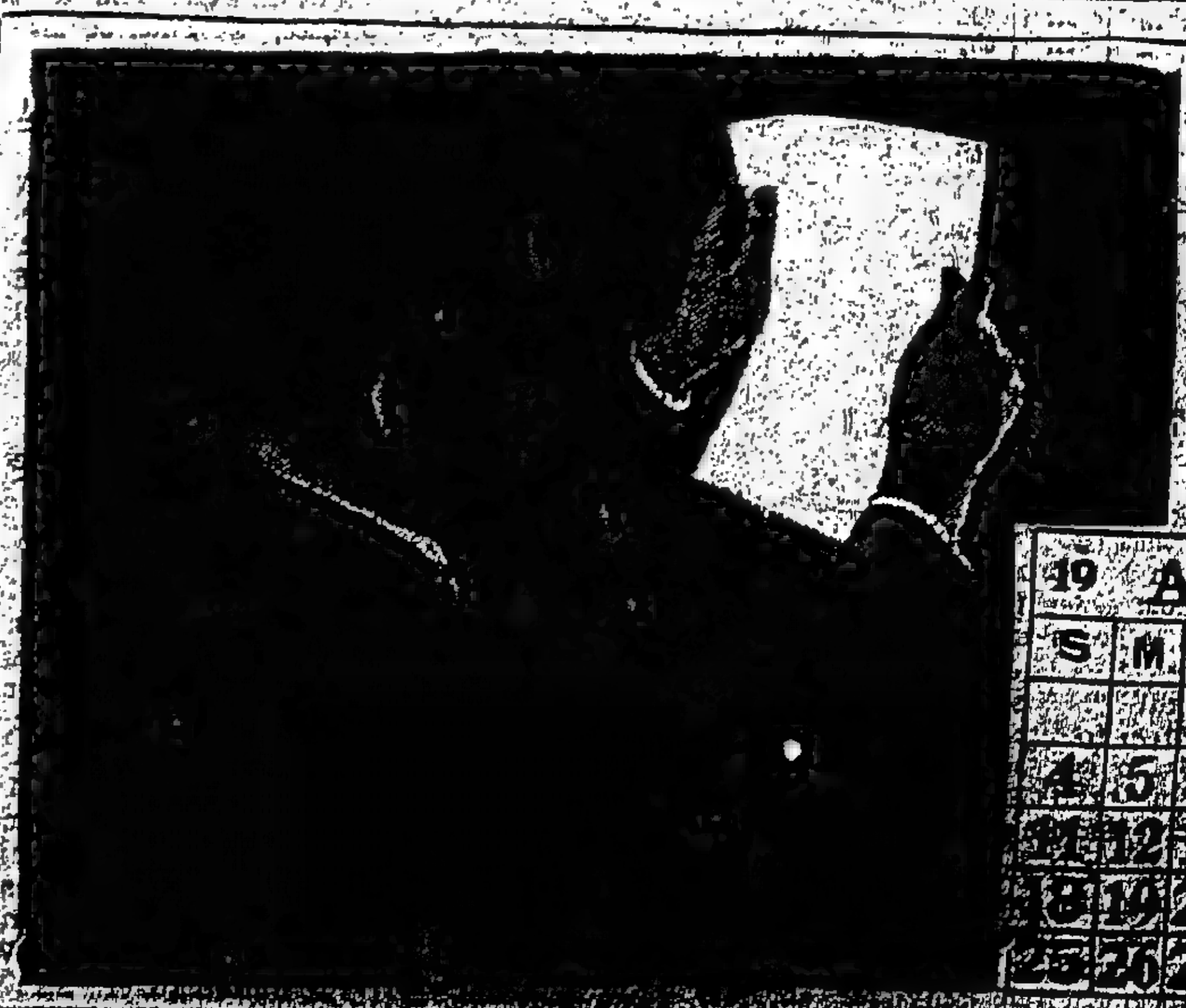
Kalzana will protect your child against the results of calcium deficiencies such as: anemia, irritable nerves, weakness, rickets, and a tendency to develop tooth decay.

"Many children of the irritable, nervous type, use their state to a deficiency of organic salts. Such youngsters do well when the diet is reinforced by a well-retained mineral food, such as Kalzana," writes the well-known expert on hygiene: Miss Kathleen Davis.

A course of Kalzana restores lost appetite, builds stamina in delicate bodies, and overcomes irritability in the highly-strung child. Make up your mind to start your boy or girl on a course of Kalzana, to-day. Children like these palatable tablets, and you will soon be surprised at the all-around improvement in their health.

Kalzana**THE MINERAL FOOD FOR BETTER HEALTH**

Obtainable at all Chemists and Stores.



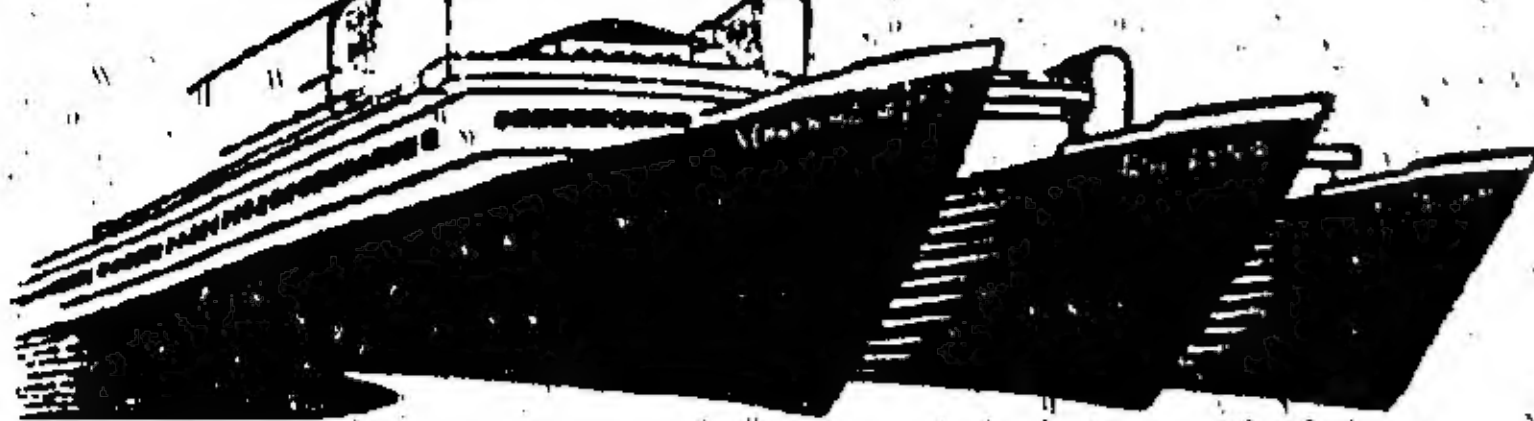
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Equipped to give Perfect Service
PHONE 38 251
TO DAY

N. D. L.



FAR EAST EXPRESS

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT-SERVICE
EXPRESS STEAMER

Calling at
Naples, Marseilles, Barcelona, Southampton, R'dam, Bremen, H'burg.
S.S. POTSDAM, Sept. 3rd | S.S. STUTTGART, Jan. 24th
S.S. SCHARNHORST, Nov. 21st | S.S. SCHARNHORST, Feb. 2nd
S.S. POTSDAM, Dec. 16th | S.S. POTSDAM, Mar. 26th

FREIGHT STEAMER

S.S. SAAL, Aug. 28th to Genoa, Marseilles, Casablanca, Antwerp, Lisbon, R'dam, Hamburg & Bremen.
S.S. NEOKAR, Sept. 14th to Genoa, Marseilles, Oran, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Bremen.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE

S.S. Oder, Sept. 5th | S.S. Trier, Sept. 29th
M.S. Trave, Sept. 13th | S.S. Donau, Oct. 17th

HONGKONG/SOUTH SEA ISLANDS SERVICE.

S.S. BREMERHAVEN, 27th Aug. to Salomons, Lae, Rabaul, Tulagi, etc.
S.S. FRIDRICH, 1st Oct. to Madang, Salamaua, Rabaul, etc.

Subject to Alteration without Notice.

For Passage and Freight apply to:

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m.v. "ERMLAND" for Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka, Yokohama, Taku, 3rd Sep.
m.v. "RHEINLAND" for Shanghai, Taku, Dairen, Kobe, Osaka, Yokohama, 13th Sep.
m.v. "RAMSES" for Shanghai, Yokohama, Kobe, Dairen, Taku, 4th Oct.

HOMEWARD SAILINGS

m.v. "RHEIN" for Genoa, M'Des, Antwerp, R'dam, Hamburg, 24th Aug.
m.v. "ROER" for Genoa, Antwerp, R'dam, H'burg, 2nd Sept.
m.v. "ERMLAND" for Genoa, M'Des, Antwerp, Rotterdam, H'burg, 2nd Oct.

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LET US MIND OUR OWN BUSINESS

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 5.
There is a threat of war in Sir Samuel Hoare's speech on the Italian Abyssinian conflict.

Sir Samuel Hoare should never have made the speech. Threats disturb conditions in this country. They make men anxious. They hinder our slow climb back to prosperity.

Sir Samuel Hoare has a job. Before making threats which do harm to industry and commerce he should think of the thousands who have no job.

Threats, moreover, are useless. They will have no effect on Signor Mussolini. The League of Nations in whose name they are made is a sham.

Sir Samuel Hoare says that the League must be supported lest the small weak countries of the world see the protection upon which they have been dependent, gravely endangered. But it must not be supported too strongly, or it may be crippled; nor too weakly, or it will collapse.

The truth is that the League has already collapsed. It has been dead a long time.

Sir Samuel Hoare's threats of a League war against Italy are futile. If Britain wanted the League to wage war on Italy she could only persuade it to do so after obtaining a unanimous vote of all the members of the League Council except Italy.

Japan was condemned by the League Council because of her con-

quest of Manchuria but no war came. But there will be no unanimous condemnation this time.

France is a member of the League Council. She will not endanger her new friendship with Italy by voting against Italy at Geneva.

Russia is a member of the League Council. Would Russia risk weakening her frontiers in Asia and the Ukraine in order to defend an alien territory in Central Africa?

Australia is a member of the League Council. Australia showed what she thought of the Old World's quarrels when she refused to sign the Locarno Treaties.

Over half of the ten members of the League Council would refuse to vote for war against Italy.

But even if they could be persuaded to vote unanimously against Italy, even if the spinsters at Geneva were prepared to accept the consequences of such a vote, there would still be no war.

There could be a war against Italy only if the British people were willing to march.

They are not. The bel'locse pacifists themselves are now silent. Mr. Lansbury, leader of a Socialist Opposition which not long ago was advocating the closing of the Suez Canal against Italy, is "not anxious that the Fleet should be sent anywhere."

There will be no war for Britain. Sir Samuel Hoare should never have suggested that there might be.

Can't we mind our own business?

THE EXCHANGE MARKET

MESSRS. ROZA BROS.

Ready Silver was unchanged yesterday at 29 but the Forward rate rose 1/8 to 28 13/16. America bought for spot. Offerings were small. The Forward price rose owing to some speculative buying. The market closed firm.

In America the rate was unchanged at 8 1/2 for spot. The London/New York cross-rate was lower at 49 1/2 and the New York/London rate was lower at 49 1/2.

Market

Opened very steady but later eased off slightly. Towards lunch time the market rallied closing very firm.

Sterling

Opened with sellers at 1/11 but 1/11 1/2 was soon on offer resulting in business at 1/11 15/16 for near and October. The market then reacted slightly and offers at 1/11 were accepted for near and forward. A small business was done at 1/11 13/16 for near delivery. Towards lunch time the selling pressure was again in evidence in the market and the rate gradually rose to 2/0 with business done at 2/0 1/16 for September delivery. The market closed at 1 p.m. with sellers at 2/0 for near and forward, buyers at 2/0 1/16 for near and probably forward.

U.S. Dollars

Business was done during the early part of the morning at 49 1/2 for September delivery. The market closed at lunch time with sellers at 49 1/2 for near and forward, buyers at 49 1/2 for near and forward.

Shanghai Dollars

Sellers were quoted at 133 1/2 for spot.

Shanghai Market

Opened uncertain at 1/5 13/16 but closed steady at 1/1 15/16. U.S. Dollars opened at 36 15/16 and closed steadier at 37 1/2 for spot.

IN THE AFTERNOON

The market opened firm but subsequently eased off owing to a good demand.

Sterling

In Sterling business was done at 2/0 1/16 for September/October. The market then eased off and offers at 2/0 1/16, 2/0 and 1/11 15/16 were accepted for near delivery, finishing with sellers at 1/11 15/16 for near and forward, buyers at 2/0 for near and probably forward.

U.S. Dollars

Business was done early in the afternoon at 50 but subsequently 49 15/16 was arranged for September delivery, followed by transactions at 49 13/16, 49 11/16 and 49 1/2 for September/October. The market closed with sellers at 49 8/16 for near and October, buyers at 49 11/16 for August/October.

H. K. STOCK EXCHANGE

YESTERDAY'S OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS

Although the turnover for the week under review was far from being a big one, there was a welcome change in the atmosphere of the market, inasmuch as more interest was displayed, and a few stocks which have been neglected for a long time were engaged for and in some cases at enhanced prices. The lower exchange had its repercussion in the market, as Banks and Unions firmed up during the last few days.

BUSINESS DONE DURING THE WEEK

Hongkong Banks, \$1075, \$1080, \$1100.
Hongkong Fins, \$135.
Hotels, \$355, \$360.
Lands, \$284, sum. div.
China Lights, \$8.40, \$8.35, \$8.20, \$8.1, \$8.10, \$8.20, \$8.1.
Electrics, \$504, \$504, \$50, \$504, \$504.
Telephones (old), \$204, \$204, \$20.70.
Cements, \$21.
H. K. Ropes, \$21.
Dairy Farms, \$154, \$154.
Watsons, \$3.10.
Antamoks, 79 1/2 cts.

CHANGES (3.15 p.m.) CLOSING QUOTATIONS

BUYERS
H. K. Docks, \$9.
SELLERS
China Lights, \$8.1.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

(British Wireless Service)

	August 21.	August 22
Paris	75 7/64	85 5/64
Geneva	15.23	15.21
Berlin	12.94	12.34
Athens		518 S.
Milan	60 9/15	60 9/15
Shanghai	1/58	
New York	4.98 1/2	4.97 11/16
Amsterdam	7.35	7.33 1/2
Vienna		
Prague	119 1/2	119 1/2
Bucharest		626 S.
Madrid	36 1/2	36 7/32
Lisbon		
Hong Kong	1/11 5/16	1/11 1/2
Brussels	29.50	29.49
Montevideo	39 1/2 S.O.	
Belgrade		
Montreal	4.98 1/2	4.98 1/2
Yokohama		
Helsingfors		
Rio		
Buenos Aires	29	29
Silver (Spot)	28 11/16	28 13/16
Silver (forward)	3 1/2 105 1/2	3 1/2 105 1/2
War Loan		

Closing Quotations

August 23, 1935.		On New York:	
On London:		Bank Bills, on demand 48 1/2	
Telegraphic Transfer	11 1/2	Credits, 60 days sight 5 1/2	
Bank Bills, on demand		On Batavia:	
Bank Bills, 4 months	1/11 1/2	On demand	70 1/2
eight	1/11 1/2	On Paris:	
Credits, four months	2 1/4	Bank Bills, on demand 72 1/2	
On Shanghai:		Credits, 4 months sight 70	
On demand	30	On Saigon:	
On Singapore:		On demand	78 1/2
On demand	163 1/2	On Manila:	
On Japan:		On demand	9 1/2
On demand	163 1/2	On Bangkok:	
On India:		On demand	66 1/2
Telegraphic Transfer	128 1/2	SOVEREIGNS, Bank Buying	
Bank, on demand	128 1/2	Rate	2 1/2
		BAR SILVER, per oz.	29

SINGAPORE RAW RUBBER

Latest Singapore Prices

JENAMIN & POTTS

Messrs. Jenamin and Potts have received the following Straits currency quotations (buyers) from Singapore yesterday for Raw Rubber:

Spot 19 1/2 cts. up 1/2 ct.
September 19 1/2 cts. up 1/2 ct.
Oct./Dec. 20 cts. up 1/2 ct.
Jan./Mar. 20 1/2 cts. up 1/2 ct.
Market—Steady.

H. B. JOSEPH & CO.

Messrs. H. B. Joseph & Co. received the following Straits currency quotations from Singapore for Raw Rubber:

Spot 19 1/2 up 1/2
Oct./Dec. 20 Un. 20 1/2
Jan./Mar. 20 1/2 Un. 21
April/June 21 1/2 Un. 21 1/2
Market—Steady.

H. K. SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

BUYERS

Douglases, \$35.
Steamboats, \$34.
Antamoks, 77 cts.
Bagulo Gold, 24 cts.
Beng Explorations, 11 cts.
Bir Wedge, 104 cts.
Hotels, \$3.80.
Providents (old), 55 cts.
H.K. Docks, \$9.
Frams, \$12.20.
Star Ferries, \$78.
Canton Ice, \$11.
Cements, \$3.15.
Ropes, \$2.15.
Dairy Farms, \$15.60.
Govt. Loan 3 1/2, 29%.
Vibro Piling, \$3.

SELLERS

Antamoks, 78 cts.
Bagulo Gold, 24 1/2 cts.
Vibro Piling, \$3 1/2.

SALES

Bagulo Gold, 24 1/2 cts.

SHIPS IN WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

The list of ships that were expected to be in wireless communication with the Government Radio Office, Hong Kong yesterday:

Shonan Maru, Koetsu, Hunan, Shanhoo, Cremet, Ranpura, Fukuken Maru, Teucer, Santos Maru, Tjibadak, City of Khios, Nankai Maru, Hop Sang, Szechuen, Asama Maru, Sapporo Maru, President Harrison, President McKinley, Chung Hsing, General Lee, Empress of Japan, President Hoover, Conte Rosso, Kaiser-I-Hind and Africa Maru.

BERLIN BOURSE

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright))

Berlin, Aug. 22.

Caution was very marked in the share market yesterday, so that the price trend was downwards. The uncertainty shown was largely due to the increased tension in the international political situation, as indicated by the fact that all the world is awaiting the outcome of the deliberations of the British Cabinet.

Disappointment is also felt that the West German Metallurgical concerns indicated that the estimated dividend of 4% is over optimistic.

Fixed interest securities were dull, but the prices held up, the Gold Mortgage bonds being very erratic.

Call Money was 2 1/2 to 3 1/4.—
Transocean Kuo Min.

REICHSMARK QUOTATIONS

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright))

Berlin, Aug. 22.

Reichsmark quotations (without guarantee):—
New York 40.33
Paris 60.99
Amsterdam 59.50
London 12.34
Paris Sterling 75.11
Dollar 15.07

Transocean Kuo Min.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR

WHARVES

Kowloon:—Empress of Russia, Ranpura and Borneo Maru.
Holt's—Teucer.
Douglas Laprak:—Hai Tan.
Sailong:—Wing Wo.
Chi On:—Hydrangea.

DOCKS

Kowloon:—Fingal, Haydrot, Yat Shing, Silver Sandal, Tak Sang and Roseville.
Talkoo:—H.M.S. Olympus, King Lee, Giscus, Ninghai, Soochow and Hang Cheong.

BUOYS

No. A1—Santol Maru.
No. A2—Nankai Maru.
No. A3—Canton.
No. A4—Tyndareus.
No. A5—Tjibadak.
No. A11—Meigen Maru.
No. A12—Sumatra.
No. A13—Kwangtung.
No. B4—Michael Jensen.
No. B5—Mary.
No. B6—Hop Sang.
No. B9—Canton Maru.
No. B10—Prosper.
No. B11—Australia.
No. B14—Anshun.
No. B16—Kalkan.
No. B16—Lysanion.



If you are of those thrifty travelers who like to find economy that is not gained at the expense of every other thing, you will delight in President Liners' Tourist Class. All outside staterooms... each with hot and cold running water... splendid cuisine and service that is famous the world over make President Liners' very low Tourist Class fares real travel bargains!

To SAN FRANCISCO 18 Days via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu Fortnightly sailings	To VICTORIA, SEATTLE 17 Days via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama Fortnightly sailings
Pres. Lincoln... Aug. 28, 6 a.m. Pres. Hoover... Sept. 7, 6 a.m. Pres. Cleveland... Sept. 25, 6 a.m. Pres. Coolidge... Oct. 2, 6 a.m. Pres. Taft... Oct. 23, 6 a.m.	Pres. McKinley... Aug. 30, 6 a.m. Pres. Grant... Sept. 13, 6 a.m. Pres. Jefferson... Sept. 29, 1 a.m. Pres. Jackson... Oct. 11, 6 a.m. Pres. McKinley... Oct. 28, 1 a.m.

EUROPE, NEW YORK	MANILA
Inquire for round-trip tickets to Europe in connection with Lloyd Triestino. Via Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles. Pres. Hayes... Aug. 31, 8 a.m. Pres. Johnson... Sept. 4, 8 a.m. Pres. Monroe... Sept. 28, 8 a.m. Pres. Van Buren... Oct. 12, 8 a.m. Pres. Garfield... Sept. 26, 8 a.m.	THE MOST FREQUENT SERVICE Next Sailings Pres. McKinley... Aug. 24, 6 p.m. Pres. Hoover... Aug. 29, 9 p.m. Pres. Hayes... Aug. 31, 8 a.m. Pres. Grant... Sept. 7, 6 p.m. Pres. Johnson... Sept. 14, 8 a.m.

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES AMERICAN MAIL LINE

FREDER BUILDING—HONG KONG.

CANTON BRANCH: 4, SHAHKEE ROAD.

VESSELS DUE

Anchilles, B. & S., September 9.

Andre Lebon, Messageries, Sept. 21.

Annam, E. A. Co., September 4.

Antenor, B. & S., September 13.

Athos II, Messageries, September 7.

Behar, P. & O., August 30.

Benlawers, Gibbs, August 31.

Bessa, Thoresen's, September 11.

Burdwan, P. & O., September 3.

Chastine, Maersk, Jensen's, Sept. 22.

Chenonceaux, Messageries, August 28.

Chitral, P. & O., September 18.

City of Bristol, Bank Line, Sept. 12.

City of Elwood, States & Co., Aug. 24.

City of Hereford, Bank Line, Sept. 9.

City of Singapore, Bank Line, Sept. 7.

Comte Rosso, Lloyd Triestino, Sept. 1.

D'Aragnan, Messageries, August 28.

Empress of Asia, C.P.S., September 14.

Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., September 27.

Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., August 30.

Ermland, Jensen's, September 3.

Eumens, B. & S., September 25.

Friderun, Melchers, September 22.

General Pershing, States Co., Aug. 30.

Gen. Sherman, States & Co., Sept. 20.

Golden Mountain, States & Co., Sept. 2.

Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., August 28.

Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., August 30.

Hellios, Thoresen's, August 30.

Himalaya Maru, O.S.K., August 31.

Hiran, Thoresen's, September 6.

Hosang, Jardine's, August 30.

Ixion, B. & S., September 6.

Katori Maru, N.Y.K., August 30.

Kono Maru, O.S.K., August 28.

General Managers. Tel. Nos. 18027 and 18028.

Yunnan, B. & S., September 3.
Hothow, B. & S., September 6.

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29.	Journal, Altona, N. B.
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CANADIAN PACIFIC ANNOUNCES

World's Greatest Travel System

Sailings for 1936

	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Nagasaki	Kobe	Yokohama	Honolulu	Vancover
	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Arrive
E/Japan	Jan. 14	Jan. 16	Jan. 19	Jan. 21	Jan. 23	Feb. 1	
E/Asia	Jan. 29	Jan. 31	Feb. 2	Feb. 4	Feb. 6	Feb. 15	
E/Canada	Feb. 11	Feb. 13	Feb. 16	Feb. 18	Feb. 20	Mar. 1	
E/Russia	Feb. 26	Feb. 28	Mar. 1	Mar. 3	Mar. 5	Mar. 14	
E/Japan	Mar. 6	Mar. 8	Mar. 11	Mar. 13	Mar. 15	Mar. 24	
E/Asia	Mar. 20	Mar. 22	Mar. 24	Mar. 26	Mar. 28	April 6	
E/Canada	April 3	April 5	April 8	April 10	April 12	April 22	
E/Russia	April 17	April 19	April 21	April 23	April 25	May 4	
E/Japan	May 1	May 3	May 6	May 8	May 10	May 19	
E/Asia	May 15	May 17	May 19	May 21	May 23	June 1	
E/Canada	May 29	May 31	June 3	June 5	June 7	June 17	
E/Russia	June 12	June 14	June 16	June 18	June 20	June 29	
E/Japan	June 26	June 28	July 1	July 3	July 5	July 14	
E/Asia	July 10	July 12	July 14	July 16	July 18	July 27	
E/Canada	July 24	July 26	July 28	July 30	Aug. 1	Aug. 19	

Next Sailing to VANCOUVER

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN & HONOLULU
EMPERESS OF JAPAN
At NOON

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th.

Sailings to MANILA

EMPERESS OF JAPAN ... Aug. 30th.
EMPERESS OF ASIA ... Sept. 14th.

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ASAMA MARU ... Wednesday, 4th Sept.
CHIOHBU MARU (Starts from Kobe) ... Tuesday, 8th Oct.
TATSUTA MARU ... Wednesday, 18th Oct.

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER.

HIKAWA MARU (Starts from Kobe) Monday, 2nd Sept.

HIYE MARU (Starts from Kobe) Monday, 16th Sept.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM

KATORI MARU ... Saturday, 31st Aug.

KASHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 11th Sept.

YASUKUNI MARU ... Friday, 27th Sept.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila and Ports.

KITANO MARU ... Saturday, 24th Aug.

ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 28th Sept.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.

TORIWA MARU ... Wednesday, 28th Aug.

CALCUTTA MARU ... Friday, 6th Sept.

ANYO MARU ... Wednesday, 11th Sept.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

HEIYO MARU ... Monday, 9th Sept.

NEW YORK via Panama.

KONGO MARU ... Wednesday, 28th Aug.

NABUTO MARU ... Tuesday, 10th Sept.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Beyrouth, Istanbul, Piraeus.

Genoa and Valencia.

LYONS MARU ... Saturday, 14th Sept.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.

HAKODATE MARU ... Wednesday, 28th Aug.

GENOA MARU ... Sunday, 8th Sept.

MALACCA MARU ... Sunday, 15th Sept.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

TANGO MARU ... Tuesday, 27th Aug.

HAKONE MARU ... Friday, 30th Aug.

SUWA MARU ... Sunday, 15th Sept.

* Cargo only.

Tel. 30291



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hong Kong:

To SHANGHAI - KOBE	To MANILA via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port Said.
PARTAGAN ... 24th Aug.	CHRONCEAUX ... 28th Aug.
ATHOS II ... 7th Sept.	PARTAGAN ... 1st Sept.
ANDRE LEBON ... 31st Sept.	ATHOS II ... 24th Sept.
MARSHAL JOFFRE ... 18th Oct.	ANDRE LEBON ... 8th Oct.
SPHINX ... 18th Oct.	MARSHAL JOFFRE ... 22nd Oct.
CHRONCEAUX ... 2nd Nov.	SPHINX ... 5th Nov.

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Shipping News

Daily Statement, Clearances, Ships in Harbour, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS

IMPORTS 7,700 TONS.
THROUGH CARGO 15,000 TONS

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:-

	Cargo for Through	H.K. Ports.
British		
Ranchi	10	4,272
Shanghai		
Hupoh	124	155
Szechuen		
Canton		270
Kiangsu	462	
Swatow		
Hai Ching		55
Canton		
Hunan		310
	596	5,062
Norwegian		
Prominent		
Canton		150
Daviken		
Swatow	276	1,080
Marly		
Bangkok	1,270	
Ardent		
Bangkok	2,360	
	3,908	1,230
Italian		
Sumatra		
Saloon	1,725	2,370
	1,725	2,370
French		
G.G. Paul Doumer		
K. C. Wan	713	
	713	
Dutch		
Aldgonda		
Canton		782
		782
Japanese		
Kitami Maru		
Sea Fishing	75	
Borneo Maru		
Sakiko	715	5,633
	795	5,633
Total	7,735	15,077

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:-

Hupoh (Br.), Amoy	103
Szechuen (Br.), Canton	20
Prominent (Nor.), Canton	62
Daviken (Nor.), Swatow	182
Ardent (Nor.), Bangkok	12
G.G. Paul Doumer (French), K. C. Wan	78
Total	457

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:-

	Arr.	Dep.
British	6	3
Norwegian	4	2
Italian	1	0
French	1	1
Dutch	1	3
Japanese	2	5
Chinese	0	3
Total	15	22

ARRIVALS

23RD AUGUST.

Sul Sang British steamer, 1,883 tons, Captain P. Jowitt, from Moji via Amoy, Kowloon Wharf—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

Pres. McKinley, American steamer, 8,400 tons, Captain C. F. Bryant, from Seattle via Japan and Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf—American Mail Line.

Kitano Maru, Japanese steamer, 4,928 tons, Captain T. Idono, from Nagasaki via Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf—N. Y. K.

Asama Maru, Japanese steamer, 10,017 tons, Captain G. Shinomiya, from Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf—N. Y. K.

Ranchi, British steamer, 8,849 tons, Captain C. E. Short, from Yokohama via Shanghai, buoy No. A1—M. M. & Co.

Hupoh, British steamer, 1,628 tons, Captain J. G. Smart, from Shanghai via Amoy, buoy No. B5—B. & S.

Szechuen, British steamer, 1,594 tons, Captain W. T. Paul, from Canton, buoy No. B18—B. & S.

Kiangsu, British steamer, 1,555 tons, Captain N. Hardie, from Bangkok via Swatow, buoy No. B15—B. & S.

Prominent, Norwegian steamer, 1,377 tons, Captain H. Jensen, from Canton, Stonecutters—K. Larsen & Co.

Daviken, Norwegian steamer, 1,778 tons, Captain G. Svane, from Tsingtao via Swatow, buoy No. B2—J. M. & Co.

G.G. Paul Doumer, French steamer, 734 tons, Captain P. Luigi, from Haiphong via K. C. Wan, buoy No. C1—M. M. & Co.

Hellas, Norwegian steamer, 1,114 tons, Captain J. Jorgensen, from Bangkok via Swatow, buoy No. B12—Thoresen & Co.

CLEARANCES

23RD AUGUST.

Borneo Maru, for Singapore—Empress of Russia, for Shanghai.

Hupoh, for Swatow—Hupoh, for Canton.

Wing Wo, for K. C. Wan—King Yuan, for Hoilow.

Prominent, for Hoilow—Australien, for Dalren.

Michael Jensen, for Bangkok—The Ben Line s.s. "Benlawers" from Leith, Middlesbrough, Antwerp, London and Straits; left Singapore via Manila for this port on 22nd August, and is due to arrive here on 31st August, 1935.

The R. M. S. "Empress of Asia" left Vancouver for Hong Kong, via Honolulu, Japan ports and Shanghai on the 22nd August (Thursday), a.m., and is due at Hong Kong on the 14th September (Saturday), a.m. She is due to leave for Manila on the same evening.

Triangon, Thoresen's, August 25.

Laomedon, B. & S., August 28.

Sarpedon, B. & S., August 28.

Nagara, Gilman's, September 2.

Potsdam, Melchers', September 3.

Sumatra Maru, O.S.K., September 3.

Kidderpore, P. & O., September 4.

Philippines, B. & S., September 4.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., September 6.

Kutsang, Jardine's, September 6.

Nalders, P. & O., September 7.

Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., September 8.

City of Hereford, Bank Line, Sept. 9.

Conte Rosso, Lloyd Triestino, Sept. 9.

D'Arctagnan, Messageries', Sept. 10.

Anhui, B. & S., September 10.

Hai Lee, Thoresen's, September 10.

Amoy Maru, N.Y.K., September 11.

Sirdhana, B.I. (Apar), September 13.

Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., September 14.

Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., September 14.

Neckar, Melchers', September 14.

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